



TOWN OF BERTHOUD, COLORADO

1st Street Corridor Plan

Approved by Berthoud Town Board on April 25, 2023



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CHAPTER 1

Overview

The Town of Berthoud continues to plan for managed growth and sustainable development, and 1st Street is an attractive location for future development for various reasons: adjacent properties are highly visible to drivers; there is convenient access to US 287 and Mountain Avenue; and Town infrastructure is in close proximity. In addition, the Comprehensive Plan and Zoning Code allow unique land uses that aren't permitted in most areas within the Town. The 1st Street Corridor Plan (Plan) sets the stage for 1st Street to serve as a central spine for one of the Town's growth areas east of the railroad.

Purpose of the Plan

The Plan provides a vision and set of goals for guiding the growth, development, redevelopment and design of the 1st Street corridor. More specifically, the Plan addresses architecture, scale, form, character and intensity of development, connectivity, multi-modal transportation, streetscapes, and landscaping within the 1st Street Corridor Study Area.

Town staff coordinated with a multidisciplinary consultant team to guide the planning effort. Input for the 1st Street Corridor Plan was sought from local residents, businesses, property owners, and community leaders, particularly through a series of three community meetings.

The 1st Street Corridor Plan provides Berthoud with a roadmap for accomplishing community planning objectives along the 1st Street corridor for many years to come.

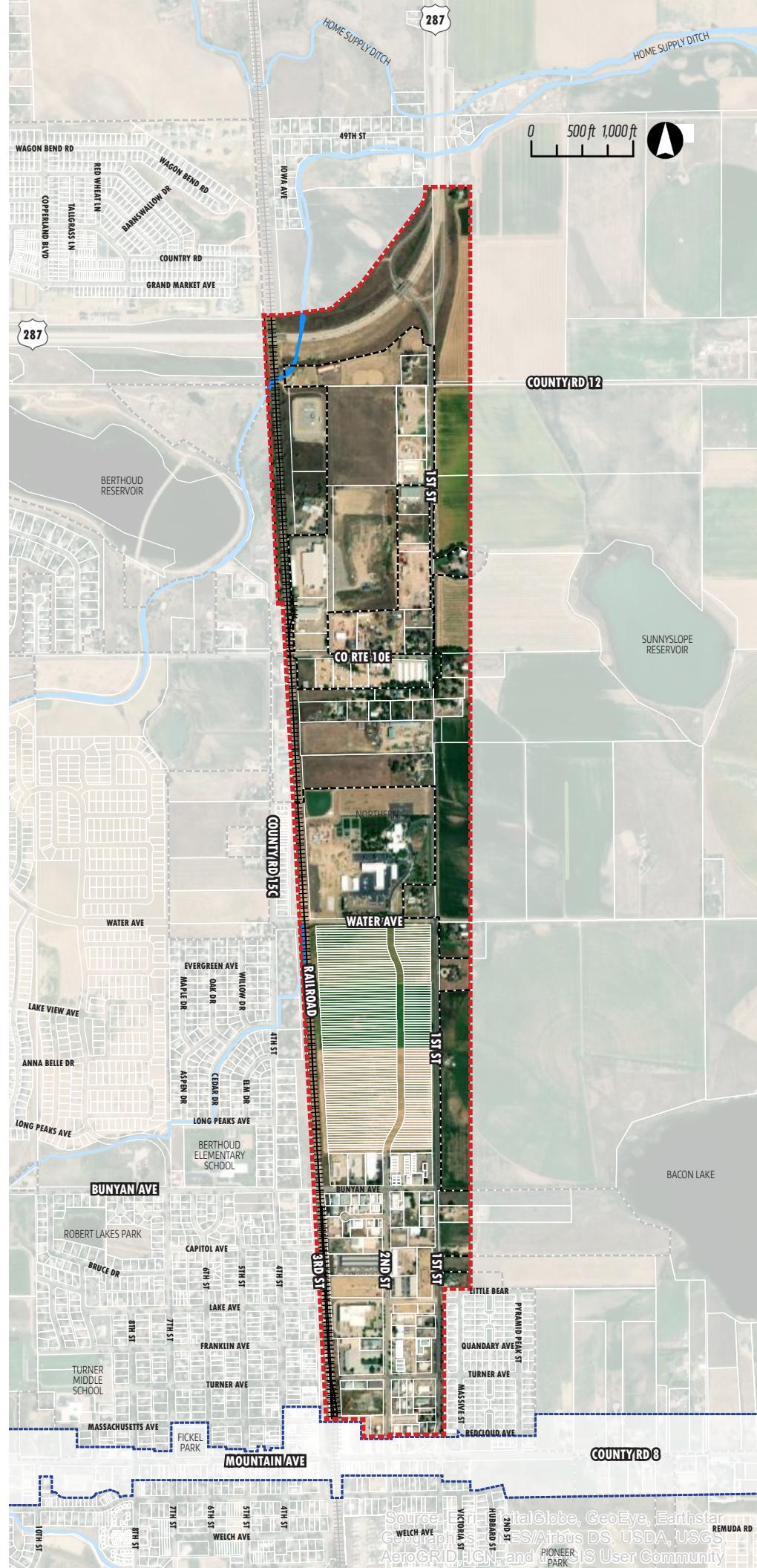
PROJECT GOALS

- Identify and enhance the character of 1st Street
- Protect existing neighborhoods
- Envision distinct and memorable spaces and places that add to Berthoud's charm and boost the concept of an Innovation District along 1st Street, per the 2021 Comprehensive Plan
- Improve the experience for pedestrians, bicyclists, transit users, and motorists in a safe environment
- Create conditions and a collaborative environment where business and innovation can thrive



Study Area

The 1st Street Corridor Study Area generally covers the area with US 287 on the north (including the interchange), the railroad on the west, Mountain Avenue on the south, and approximately 300 feet east of 1st Street. The corridor stretches about 2 miles from north to south.

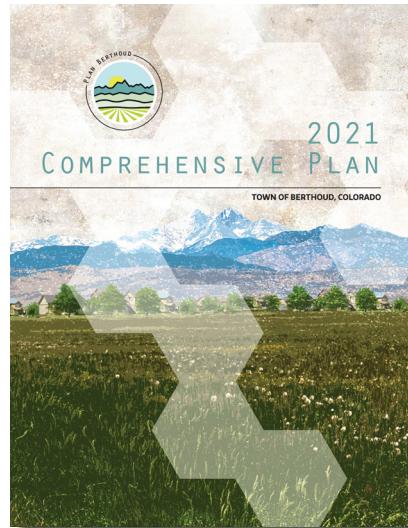


Relationship to the Comprehensive Plan

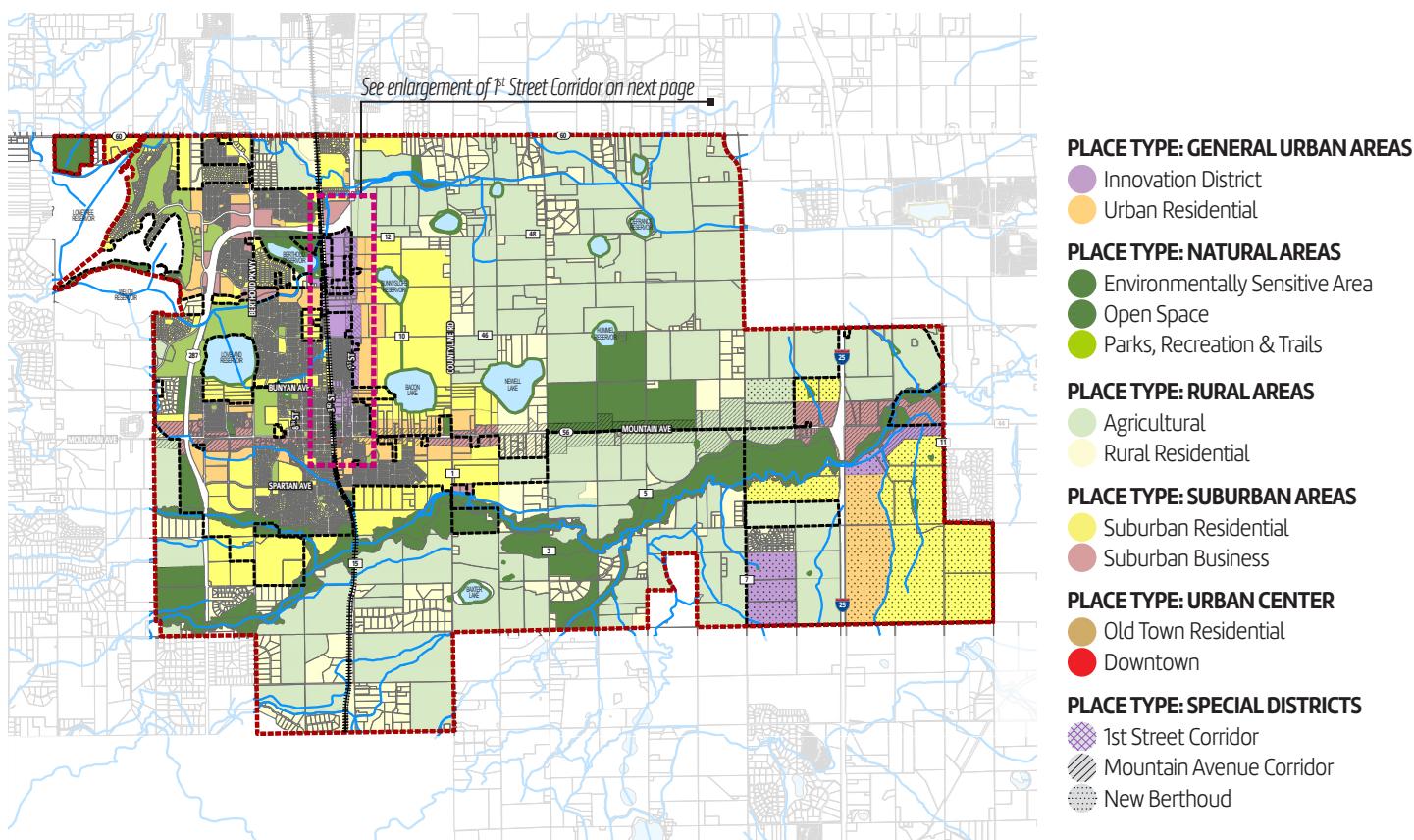
As illustrated in the map below, the Future Land Use Plan in the Town of Berthoud's 2021 Comprehensive Plan was built around a set of Character Districts that defined the land use, urban design, and character traits of Berthoud's districts and corridors.

The 1st Street Corridor is primarily characterized by two of those Character Districts, which are described in more detail on page 5. One is an **Innovation District** intended to be a distinct business district strategically designed to attract, retain, and cultivate talent in a variety of industries, from creativity, makers, and startups to technology, research, and development. **Urban Residential** uses to the east of 1st Street are also intended to support potential commercial and employment opportunities in the Innovation District.

This Plan will further articulate the desired character and function of the Study Area.



FUTURE LAND USE PLAN | 2021 BERTHOUD COMPREHENSIVE PLAN



Future Land Use Map

The Future Land Use Map from the 2021 Berthoud Comprehensive Plan is categorized by six Place Types, which each has its own set of Character Districts that define the land use character of the various neighborhoods, corridors, and districts that comprise Berthoud. One of the Character Districts is the Innovation District, which encompasses a majority of the 1st Street Corridor Study Area. Urban Residential is another prominent Character District east of 1st Street. Preferred land uses are summarized on the next page.

PLACE TYPE: GENERAL URBAN AREAS

- Innovation District
- Urban Residential

PLACE TYPE: NATURAL AREAS

- Environmentally Sensitive Area
- Open Space
- Parks, Recreation & Trails

PLACE TYPE: RURAL AREAS

- Agricultural
- Rural Residential

PLACE TYPE: SUBURBAN AREAS

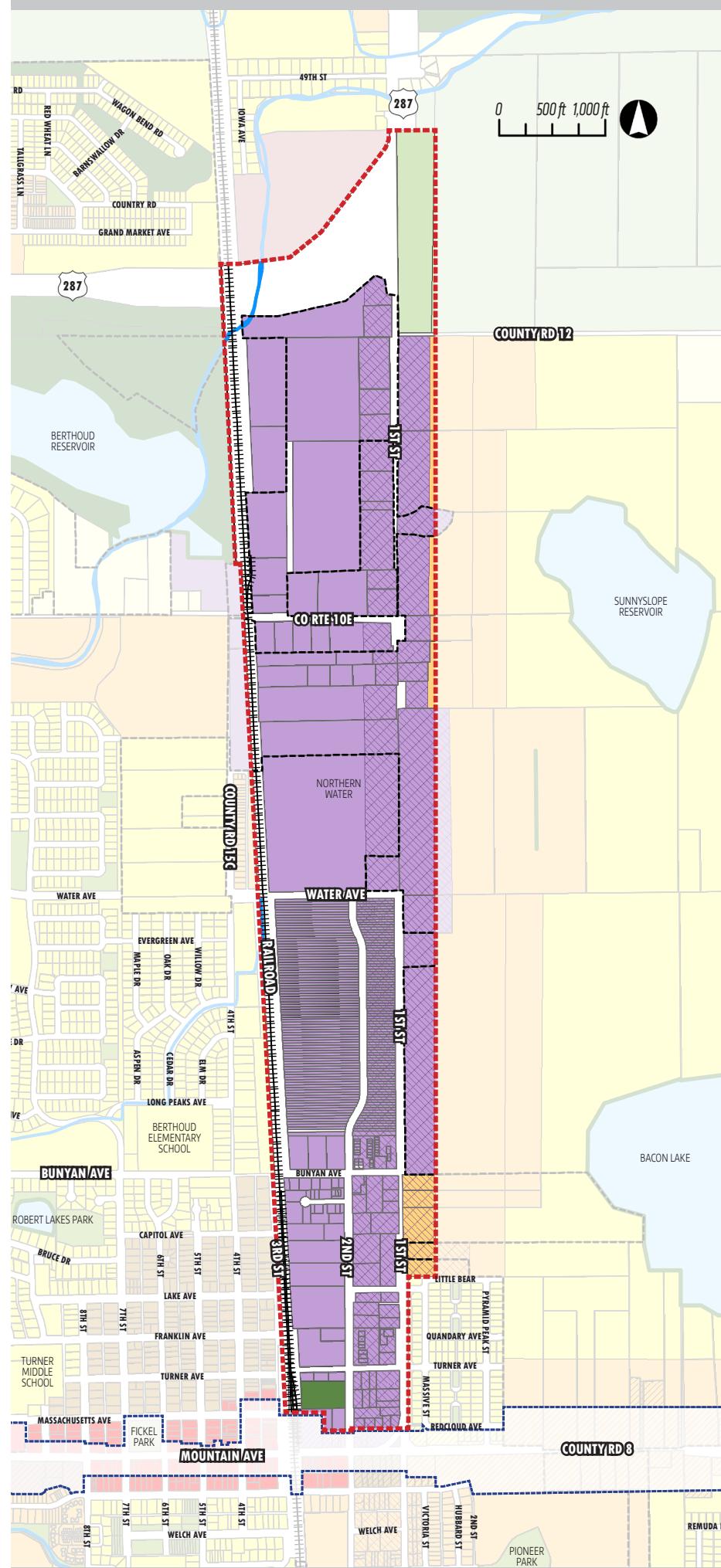
- Suburban Residential
- Suburban Business

PLACE TYPE: URBAN CENTER

- Old Town Residential
- Downtown

PLACE TYPE: SPECIAL DISTRICTS

- 1st Street Corridor
- Mountain Avenue Corridor



Character Districts

Per the 2021 Comprehensive Plan, the 1st Street Corridor provides, "optimal opportunities for mixed use development and creation of new sub-districts...", which assumes Town annexation of unincorporated properties over time to guide future land use. As summarized below, the 1st Street Corridor is comprised of two Character Districts: the Innovation District and the Urban Residential District.

Innovation District | CHARACTER DISTRICT

Guiding Principle: The Innovation Character District is intended to create a unique business district strategically designed to attract, retain, and cultivate talent, and improve networking and communication flows between business innovators, and residential uses will be support the business community.

Preferred Land Use: The future character and composition of the Innovation District will be guided by the preferred uses for the corridor. In particular, the Innovation District will continue to support existing technical businesses and production uses, while also integrating emerging business types that focus on research and development (R&D), technology, startups, makerspaces, and other related commercial and light industrial uses. Residential uses may also be incorporated on 2nd and/or 3rd floors in the Innovation District, but the primary uses within the district will be non-residential. The Innovation District will evolve into a unique employment center with context sensitive design that respects adjacent neighborhoods.

Scale: Most buildings will be built to 1, 2, or 3-stories in height.

GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS
Preferred Land Use
The future character and composition of the Innovation District will be guided by the preferred uses for the corridor. In particular, the Innovation District will continue to support existing technical businesses and production uses, while also integrating emerging business types that focus on research and development (R&D), technology, startups, makerspaces, and other related commercial and light industrial uses. Residential uses may also be incorporated on 2nd and/or 3rd floors in the Innovation District, but the primary uses within the district will be non-residential. The Innovation District will evolve into a unique employment center with context sensitive design that respects adjacent neighborhoods.

Relevant Zone Districts
Located entirely within Town limits, the Innovation District's zoning is a mix of the Town's Industrial (I), Industrial/Multi-Use (IMU), and Commercial (C) zones.

Development Form

Character of Development

The Innovation District will bring together organizations, companies, and individuals in a collaborative environment. The Innovation District will be a mix of existing businesses, emerging business types that focus on R&D, technology startups, makerspaces, and other related commercial and light industrial uses. Residential uses may also be incorporated on 2nd and/or 3rd floors in the Innovation District, but the primary uses within the district will be non-residential. The Innovation District will evolve into a unique employment center with context sensitive design that respects adjacent neighborhoods.

Density & Intensity

Intensity of development will vary based on specific business need and site characteristics.

Scale

Most buildings will be 1, 2, or 3-stories in height.

Potential Adaptive Re-use of Existing Structures Where Appropriate

Landscape Setbacks

Dining Incorporated

BIKEABLE AND WALKABLE MIXED USE RETAIL/COMMERCIAL SPACE

DRIVE ACCESS TO PARKING IN THE REAR OF THE BUILDINGS

LANDSCAPE SETBACKS

POTENTIAL ADAPTIVE RE-USE OF EXISTING STRUCTURES WHERE APPROPRIATE

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CHAPTER 2

Planning Process

Overview

The Project Timeline on the right shows how the Plan was developed across three project phases:

1/ DISCOVERY

Including data collection, analysis, and Public Workshop #1 to gather community input

2/ CONCEPTS

Including Public Workshop #2 to share preliminary corridor plan concepts

3/ DIRECTION

Including Public Workshop #3 to share more detailed corridor concepts

The key takeaways and general details of the three Public Workshops are provided in this chapter. In addition, the consultant team coordinated with Town staff every other week throughout the planning and design process to discuss draft concepts, outreach elements, and other deliverables to ensure the plan reflects the direction and intents envisioned by Town leaders and community members.

PROJECT TIMELINE

DISCOVERY	
MAY	PROJECT KICK-OFF
JUN	DATA COLLECTION & ANALYSIS
JUL	PUBLIC WORKSHOP #1 + OUTREACH Thu, July 21, 2022 @ 6:00 PM Northern Water I 220 Water Ave, Berthoud
AUG	PLAN CONCEPTS
SEP	PUBLIC WORKSHOP #2 + OUTREACH Wed, September 14, 2022 @ 6:00 PM Northern Water I 220 Water Ave, Berthoud
CONCEPTS	
AUG - OCT 2022	
DIRECTION	
OCT	
NOV	PREFERRED CONCEPT
DEC	PUBLIC WORKSHOP #3 + OUTREACH Tue, December 6, 2022 @ 5:00 PM Town Hall I 807 Mountain Ave, Berthoud
JAN	
FEB	DRAFT PLAN
MAR	PLAN ADOPTION FINAL DOCUMENTS



Public Participation

The 1st Street Corridor Plan was built upon community feedback collected from a public participation process that included a set of three Public Workshops, which are summarized on the next page. The findings from each workshop contributed to an iterative process that helped prepare and refine draft plan concepts for the corridor. Periodic updates were also provided to Town officials.

The third Public Workshop was coordinated with a meeting with the Town Board and Planning Commission to present the draft plan concepts and gather feedback from Town officials. The outcome from this step provided direction for the final plan concepts.

A complete set of exhibits, findings, and results from the three Public Workshops is provided in the Appendix.

In addition to the public workshops, the project was promoted in the community through a project website, in the Berthoud InFocus monthly newsletter (see right), and a traveling exhibit board with project information that was stationed at key locations in town.

Stay informed!

Please use the link below or QR code on the right to access the project website. There you can obtain additional project information, find out about upcoming meetings, access meeting summaries, and review draft documents as they become available. We encourage you to use the "Contact Us" page to get in touch with a member of the project team should you have any questions, comments, or suggestions or require more information concerning the project.

PROJECT WEBSITE www.plan-tools.com/Projects/PlanBerthoud



BERTHOUD INFOCUS

JULY 2022 ISSUE NO. 92

PLAN BERTHOUD

GUIDING GROWTH

Community Calendar
As dates approach for the monthly meetings, please check the Town of Berthoud website at www.Berthoud.org where we will post updated information and changes. There will also be information about how to "digitally attend" and provide public comments.

1st Street Corridor
The Town is preparing a plan for Berthoud's 1st Street Corridor, which extends between Mountain Avenue and Hwy 287. The purpose of the project is to identify current and future needs of the 1st Street corridor and establish preferences and priorities based on those needs. The plan will provide a vision and a set of goals for guiding growth, development, redevelopment and design of the 1st Street corridor. More specifically, the plan will address architecture, scale, form, character of development, development density/intensity, connectivity, multi-modal transportation, streetscapes, landscaping and signage within 1st Street corridor planning area.

Town staff and a local consulting team will guide the planning effort. Input for the 1st Street Corridor Plan will be sought from local residents, businesses, property owners, and community leaders. The final product - the 2022 1st Street Corridor Plan - will provide the Town with a roadmap for accomplishing community planning objectives along the corridor for many years to come.

Save the Date
A public workshop for the 1st Street Corridor Plan will be held July 21, 2022 from 6 – 7:30pm at Northern Water, 220 Water Avenue in Berthoud. This open house event will introduce the project, identify key planning issues, and provide feedback opportunity regarding corridor planning and design priorities.

For more information, please contact Curt Freese, Berthoud Community Development Director, at (970) 344-5818 or visit the project website: www.plan-tools.com/Projects/PlanBerthoud.

Meeting 6:00 pm

For questions, please call the Town of Berthoud at 970.532.2643.



Public Workshop #1 | JULY 21, 2022

Intent: The first Public Workshop served as an opportunity for community members to share their thoughts on the 1st Street Corridor today. They also interacted with visual preference boards showing a variety of design and development elements to be considered for the corridor. In particular, workshop participants used dot stickers to indicate their preferences for the style of architecture and design for different land uses and a variety of corridor elements, as listed on the right.

Outcomes: Workshop findings informed the draft concepts relating to how the built environment is designed, including buildings, roadways, and streetscape.

LAND USE TYPES

- Commercial
- Industrial
- Residential
- Mixed Use

CORRIDOR ELEMENTS

- Intersection treatments
- Bike lanes
- Pedestrian crossings
- Streetscape
- Linear parks
- Green infrastructure
- Gathering spaces
- Signage and murals
- Off-street parking

NOTE: Workshop exhibits in Appendix



Public Workshop #2 | SEPTEMBER 14, 2022

Intent: The second Public Workshop enabled participants to share their comments on a series of exhibits (listed on the right) that encapsulate a general framework of how the built environment is designed, including buildings, roadways, and streetscape.

Outcomes: Workshop findings provided guidance to prepare more refined detail and finalize the draft concepts, including the preparation of 3D renderings and other graphics to illustrate the proposed look and feel of the 1st Street Corridor.

CORRIDOR CONCEPTS

Existing and modified corridor trends regarding:

- Land use
- Access and mobility
- Innovation District
- Urban Residential
- Architectural attributes
- Street right-of-way design

NOTE: Workshop exhibits in Appendix



Public Workshop #3 | DECEMBER 6, 2022

Intent: The third Public Workshop shared a gallery of 3D renderings and graphics that illustrated the overall design and character of the 1st Street Corridor.

Outcomes: Workshop findings provided feedback to finalize the graphics for inclusion in the 1st Street Corridor Plan.

GRAPHICS

- Perspectives: 1st St
- Perspectives: Bunyan Ave
- Linear Park
- Roundabout
- Jackson Parcel

NOTE: Workshop exhibits in Chapter 7



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Opportunities & Constraints

Overview

This chapter focuses on the existing conditions of the 1st Street Corridor, including opportunities and constraints related to access, safety, connectivity, streetscape, architecture, site design, and zoning recommendations. These existing conditions are summarized on a series of maps to depict how their layouts and other physical attributes influence planning for the corridor. A series of exhibits depicting these opportunities and constraints were shared at Public Workshop #1 to collect community feedback.

Collectively, the opportunities and constraints provide a framework upon which corridor concepts are developed and proposed in Chapters 4, 5, and 6.



Existing Trends Map

TOWN ZONING DISTRICTS

PER THE 2020 BERTHOUD ZONING MAP

- R1: Single Family Residential
- R2: Limited Multi Family Residential
- R3: Multi Family Residential
- R4: Mixed Use*
- R5: Manufactured Home
- PUD: Planned Unit Development
- C1: Neighborhood Commercial
- C2: General Commercial
- M1: Light Industrial
- M2: Industrial
- T: Transition
- Ag: Agriculture

*There are presently no R4: Mixed Use Districts in and around the Study Area.

COUNTY ZONING DISTRICTS

NON-REGULATING DISTRICTS PER THE 2019 LARIMER COUNTY ZONING MAP

-  FA: Farming
-  FA1: Farming
-  E1: Estate Residential
-  R1: Residential
-  M: Multi-Family Residential
-  C: Commercial
-  I: Industrial

GENERAL MAP ELEMENTS

- Corridor Study Area Boundary
- Mountain Avenue Corridor

TRANSPORTATION ELEMENTS

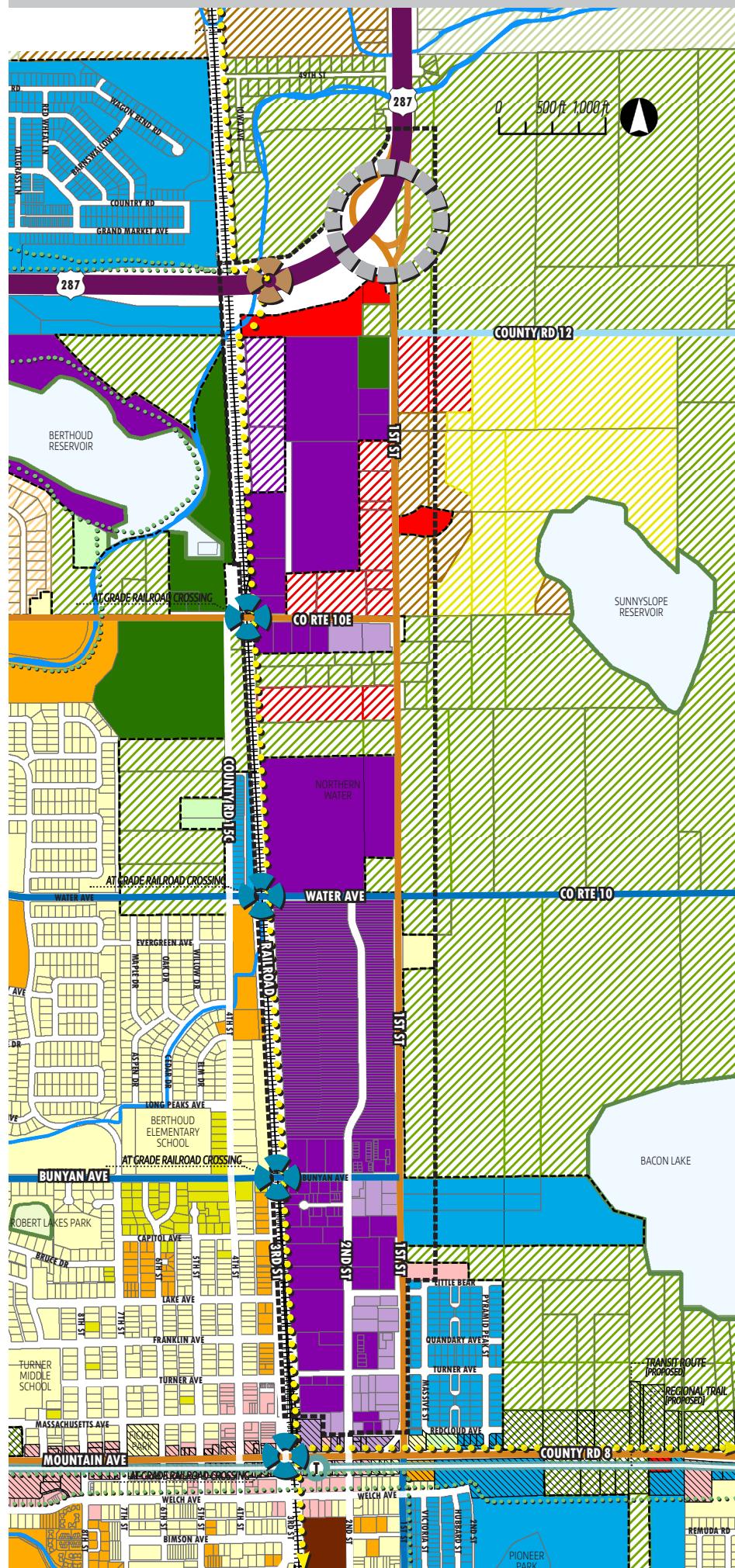
- Existing At-Grade Railroad Crossing
- Potential Trail Underpass
- Existing US 287 Partial Interchange
- Potential Local Trail
- Potential Regional Trail
- Potential Transit Route

ROADWAY CLASSIFICATION HIERARCHY

PER THE 2021 BERTHOUD COMPREHENSIVE PLAN

- Highway
- 4-Lane Arterial Road*
- 2-Lane Arterial Road
- Major Collector Road
- Minor Collector Road

*The closest 4-lane arterial road is the northern end of Berthoud Parkway, which is located beyond the immediate Study Area to the west.



Opportunities Map

CHARACTER SUBAREAS

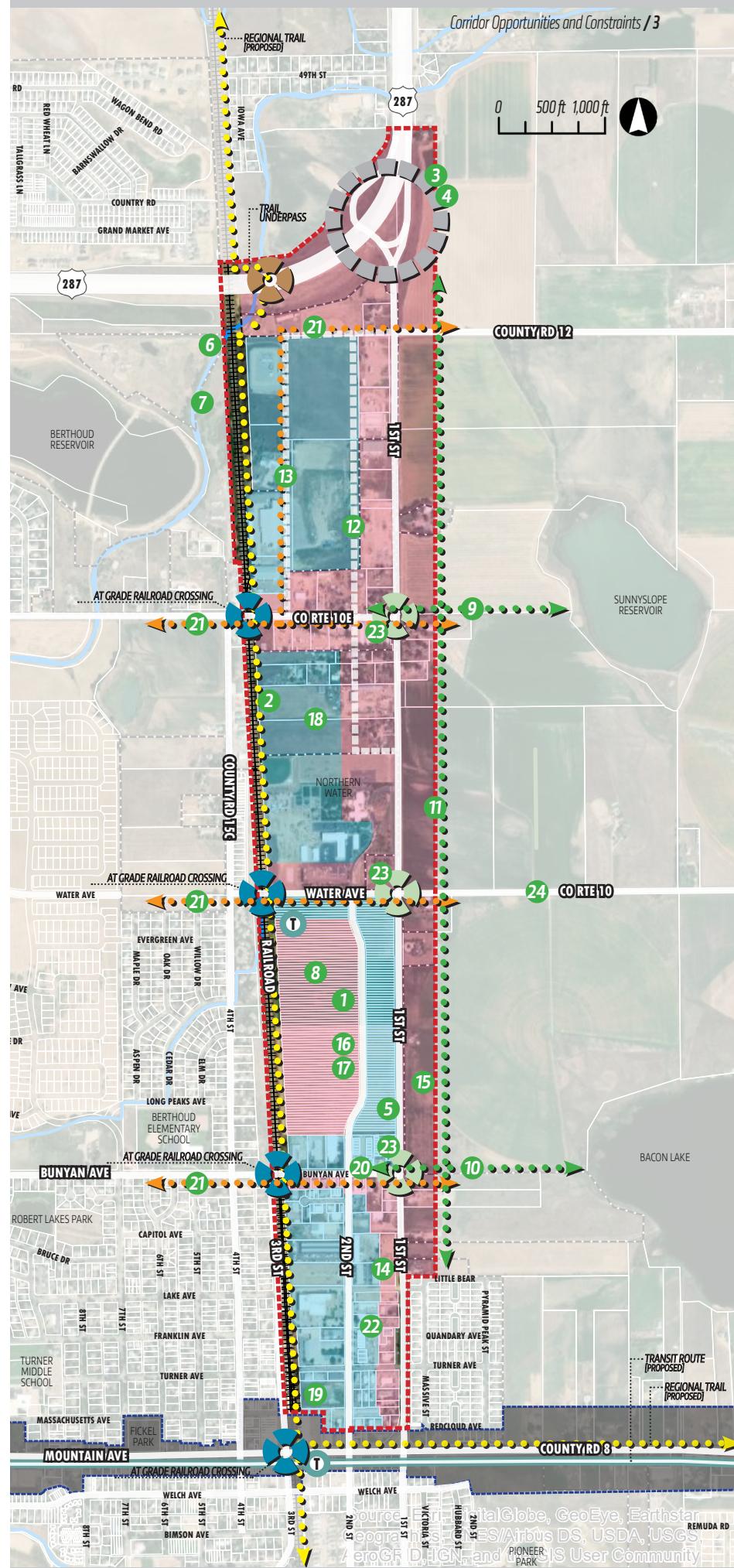
- Lower Visibility, Lesser Architectural Standards
- Higher Visibility, Higher Standards

TRANSPORTATION ELEMENTS

- Existing At-Grade Railroad Crossing
- Potential Trail Underpass
- Existing US 287 Partial Interchange
- Potential for Enhanced Pedestrian Experience
- Potential for Improved Connectivity
- Potential Green Connection to Lake/Reservoir
- Potential Regional Trail
- Potential Transit Route
- Potential Transit Station

OPPORTUNITIES

- 1 Mixed use or workforce housing w/ attainable rents
- 2 Regional trail parallel to railroad
- 3 Full interchange at US 287
- 4 Town gateway
- 5 Buffered on-street bike lanes on 1st St
- 6 Potential trail crossing across railroad
- 7 Town trail connecting to residential area
- 8 Potential for master planned live/work campus
- 9 Green connections to Sunnyslope Reservoir
- 10 Green connections to Bacon Lake
- 11 Greenway/linear park to serve as a method of transition between higher density urban residential and lower density suburban residential neighborhoods
- 12 2nd St extension
- 13 North/south connector using existing access road
- 14 Exemplar architecture along corridor (ex: Agile RF)
- 15 Landscaping to buffer future residential from roadway
- 16 Delineation of on- and off-street parking patterns
- 17 Design of consistent outdoor storage fencing standards
- 18 Incubator for light manufacturing w/ limited retail
- 19 Use of regional detention area for passive open space, which can be replicated on similar sites
- 20 Bunyan Ave as key east/west connector
- 21 Improvements along east/west connections
- 22 Use of industrial external building walls for public art
- 23 Enhanced pedestrain experience, transportation improvements, and building street orientation at major intersections along 1st St
- 24 LCR 10/WCR 46 could provide regional eastern connectivity and function as a parallel route to SH 56



Constraints Map

CHARACTER SUBAREAS

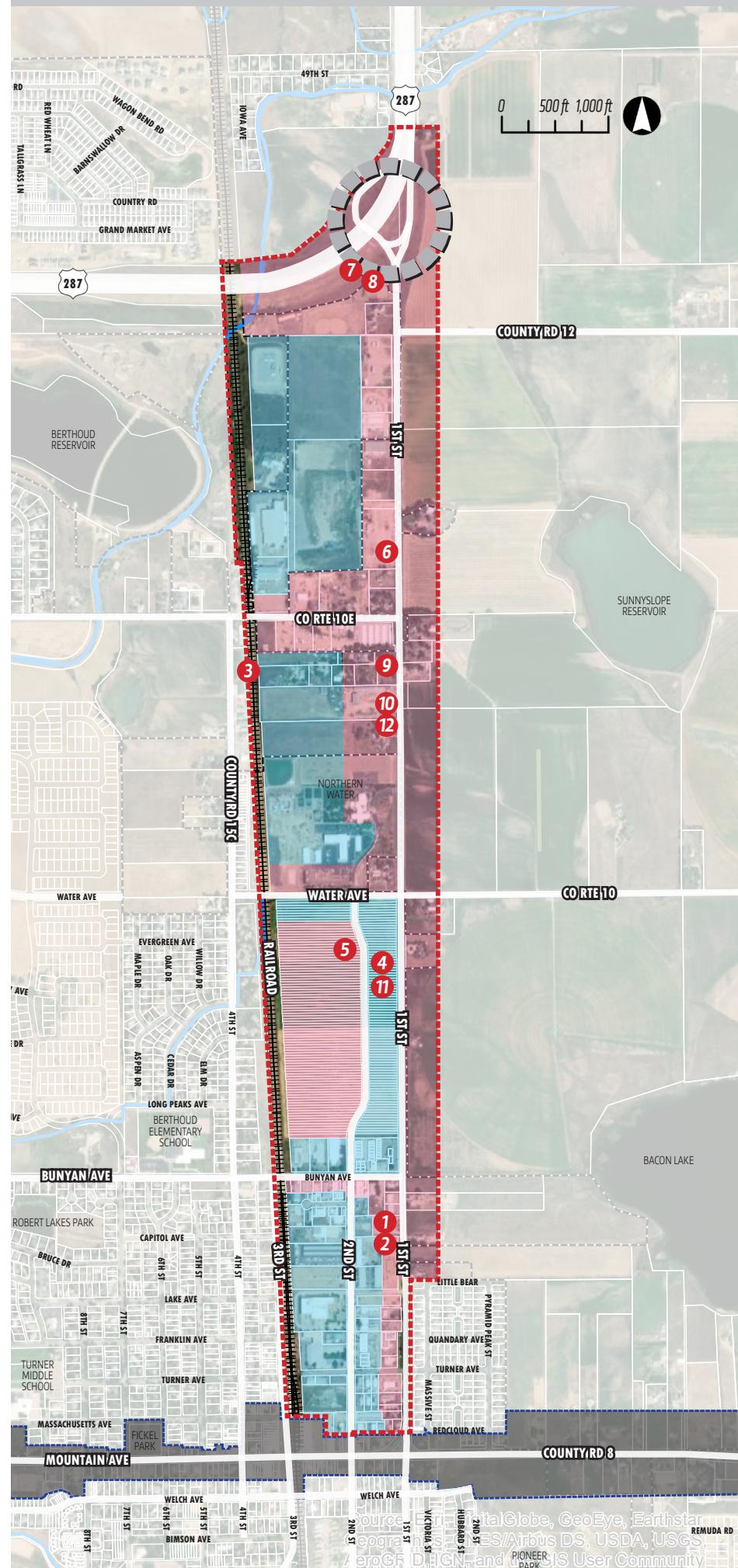
- Lower Visibility, Lesser Architectural Standards
- Higher Visibility, Higher Standards

TRANSPORTATION ELEMENTS



CONSTRAINTS

- 1 Inconsistent multimodal infrastructure along 1st St
- 2 Inconsistent parking orientation along 1st St
- 3 Limited railroad crossings impact east/west circulation
- 4 Sewer line at max capacity and need of upgrade
- 5 Limited north/south connectivity
- 6 Incomplete bike/pedestrian facilities
- 7 Partial interchange limits access
- 8 Large berms and challenging topography at US 287
- 9 Overhead power lines
- 10 Existing 80 ft ROW
- 11 Limited ADA accessible infrastructure
- 12 Frequent access points without turn lanes can create safety conflicts and make access management a challenge





CHAPTER 4

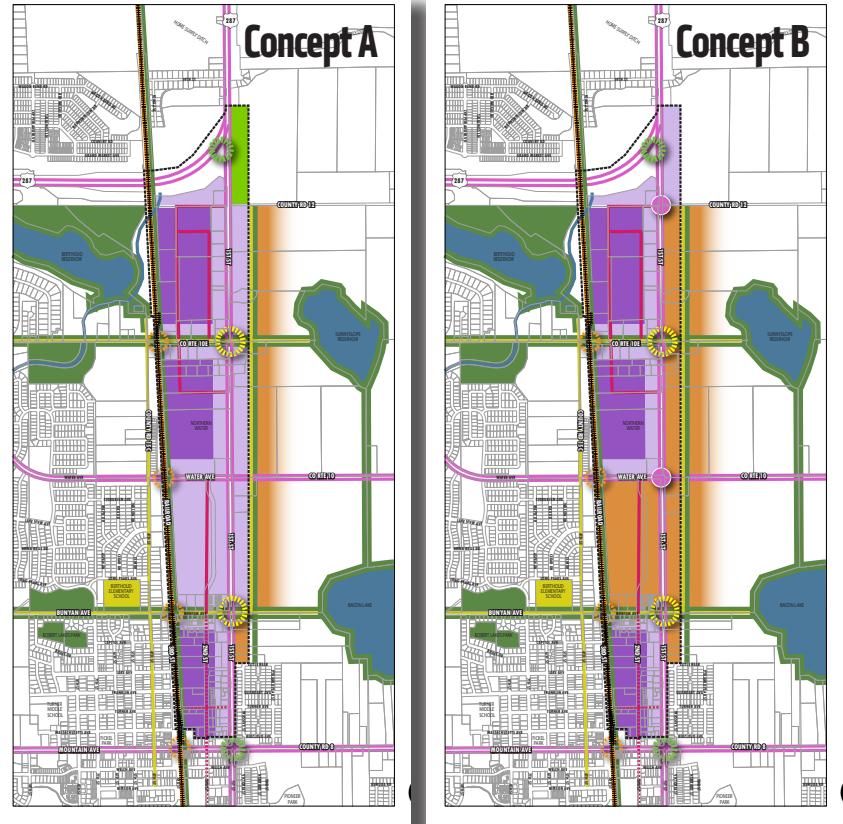
Plan Concepts

Alternative Plan Concepts

Based on community feedback from Public Workshop #1, two Modified Trends Concept Maps were created to translate the opportunities, constraints, and other existing trends. Concept A maximized the characterization of the 1st Street Corridor as an Innovation District, with industrial and mixed use emphasized as the central development trend. Concept B provided for a balanced development trend that builds upon Concept A by providing an increased secondary focus on urban residential uses to advance the corridor's housing component.

Concepts A and B and other related exhibits were shared at Public Workshop #2 to collect community feedback. The outcome from the workshop findings was a Preferred Concept Plan, including land use and transportation concepts, which are the focus of this chapter.

Concepts A and B are shown on the right, with full-page versions of both maps provided in the Appendix.



Preferred Corridor Plan

MODIFIED TREND ELEMENTS

- Town Gateway
- Enhanced Multimodal Intersection
- Railroad Crossing with Enhanced Multimodal Crossings
- Green Edge/Park/Open Space
- Roadway with Vehicular Priority
- Roadway with Multimodal Priority
- Existing Local Street
- Potential Local Street
- Railroad
- Potential Local Trail
- Potential Regional Trail
- Potential Transit Route
- Innovation District [LOWER VISIBILITY]
- Innovation District [HIGHER VISIBILITY]
- Urban Residential
- Agriculture

GENERAL MAP ELEMENTS

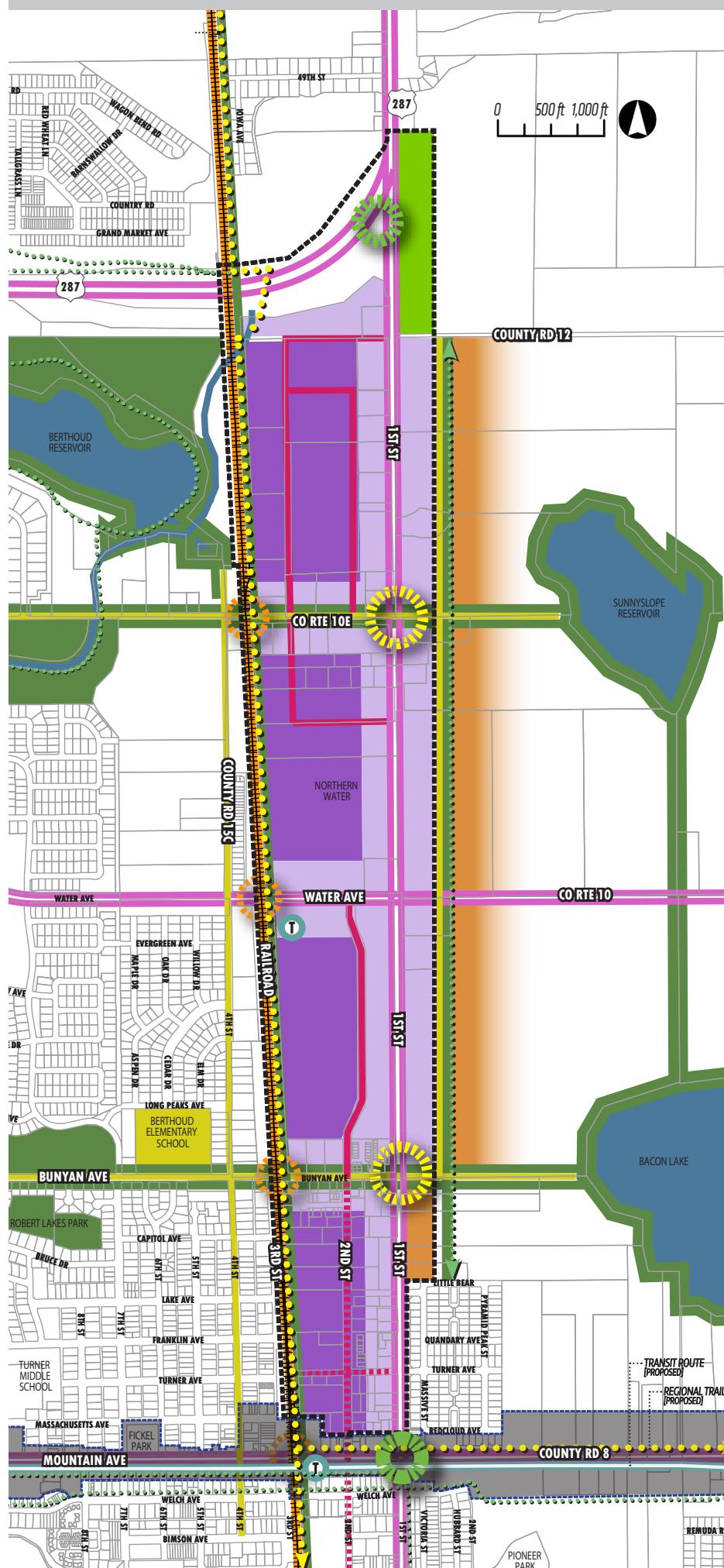
-  Corridor Study Area Boundary
-  Mountain Avenue Corridor

HIGHER & LOWER VISIBILITY AREAS

Higher and Lower Visibility Areas will have differing design standards. They will be designated within the approved corridor plan and determine the standards and requirements of the built environment.

Higher Visibility Areas are defined within 300 feet of the centerline of 1st Street, Bunyan Avenue, Water Avenue, CR10, CR10E, and CR12. Architectural Design Guidelines for Higher Visibility Areas generally intend to preserve areas of the corridor to meet a higher standard of design details and material selection. They also allow for better quality design product along visible corridors where built environment most affects pedestrian and vehicular traffic.

Lower Visibility Areas preserve the ability for small businesses to enter the market and compete at lower cost. Architectural Design Guidelines for Lower Visibility Areas generally intend to preserve areas of existing uses and promote development of future affordability within the corridor. Architecture in this area will have less stringent requirements for design and materials.



LAND USE CONCEPTS

Higher Visibility Areas

As shown on the Preferred Corridor Plan, higher visibility areas are generally located along the east and west sides of 1st Street (only the west side south of Bunyan Avenue), as well as along major east/west streets like Route 10E, Water Avenue, and Bunyan Avenue.

The preferred land uses for the Innovation District are described in detail on the Future Land Use Map on page 4. In general, the Innovation District will support existing technical businesses and production uses and incorporate emerging commercial and light industrial uses that focus on research and development (R&D), technology, startups, makerspaces, and other related uses.

In terms of architecture and form, the built environment within the higher visibility innovation areas of the 1st Street Corridor should provide opportunities for craftsmanship, ornament, proportions, and decoration that are consistent with the local industrial vernacular of the corridor area. Architecture should follow the approved Berthoud Architectural Design Guidelines for the Urban Industrial/Innovation Character District (see page 21 for details).

The precedent images below are representative of the architecture and site design anticipated for the higher visibility innovation areas.

PRECEDENT IMAGES: HIGHER VISIBILITY NON-RESIDENTIAL USES



LAND USE CONCEPTS

Lower Visibility Areas

As shown on the Preferred Corridor Plan, lower visibility areas are generally located along the western edge of the corridor, particularly along the railroad and away from major streets like 1st Street, Bunyan Avenue, and Water Avenue. Specific areas marked for lower visibility areas are located north and south of Route 10E and north and south of Bunyan Avenue.

The preferred land uses for the Innovation District are described in detail on the Future Land Use Map on page 4. In general, the Innovation District will support existing technical businesses and production uses and incorporate emerging commercial and light industrial uses that focus on research and development (R&D), technology, startups, makerspaces, and other related uses.

Regarding architecture and form, the built environment within the lower visibility innovation areas should provide economic and creative opportunities for ornament and decoration. Architecture should follow the approved Berthoud Architectural Design Guidelines for the Urban Industrial/Innovation Character District (see page 21 for details). However, leniency may be granted to properties with requirements affecting the ability to preserve existing and future affordability within the corridor.

The precedent images below are representative of the architecture and site design anticipated for the lower visibility innovation areas.

PRECEDENT IMAGES: LOWER VISIBILITY NON-RESIDENTIAL USES



LAND USE CONCEPTS

Mixed Use Areas

As shown on the Preferred Corridor Plan, mixed use areas may generally be located within both the higher and lower visibility areas of the Innovation District, which encompasses a majority of the 1st Street Corridor.

In addition to supporting existing technical businesses and production uses and integrating emerging commercial and light industrial uses, the Innovation District may also include residential uses on upper levels and other elements like parks and open space. This mixed use character would further enhance the attraction of the Innovation District as a place for residents, workers, students, creators, and others seeking a unique spot in town.

Mixed use building types should follow the approved Berthoud Architectural Design Guidelines for the Urban Downtown Character District (see page 21 for details). However, leniency may be granted for properties with requirements affecting the ability to preserve existing and future affordability within the corridor.

The precedent images below are representative of the architecture and site design anticipated for mixed use areas.

PRECEDENT IMAGES: MIXED USE AREAS



LAND USE CONCEPTS

Residential Areas

As shown on the Preferred Corridor Plan Map, residential areas may occur in either mixed use areas or neighborhoods with a mix of housing types. Mixed use areas may be located within both the higher and lower visibility areas of the Innovation District. Neighborhoods characterized as Urban Residential, which are located primarily east of 1st Street, may offer a diverse housing stock, including detached and attached single-family homes, townhomes, multi-family options, and affordable housing units.

Residential units may be provided on upper levels in mixed use buildings in the Innovation District. Urban Residential areas may include a mix of housing types, including single-family detached and attached homes, townhomes, and multifamily options. These neighborhoods will also incorporate affordable housing options where possible.

Residential architecture should follow the approved Berthoud Architectural Design Guidelines for the Urban Residential Character District (see page 21 for details).

The precedent images below are representative of the architecture and site design anticipated for residential areas.

PRECEDENT IMAGES: URBAN RESIDENTIAL AREAS



Architectural & Site Design Concepts

Based on guidance from Berthoud's 2021 Comprehensive Plan, the **2021 Architectural Design Guidelines** summarize specific design standards for architecture in the Town's various Character Districts, including the Innovation District and Urban Residential that define the 1st Street Corridor. As developers and builders propose new development along 1st Street, they are encouraged to consult the 2021 Architectural Design Guidelines for standards regarding the elements listed on the right.

Excerpts from the Architectural Design Guidelines are provided below for the Innovation District and Urban Residential Character Districts.

 [PDF Link: 2021 Architectural Design Guidelines](#)



DESIGN ELEMENTS

- Site Design
- Landscaping and Screening
- Building Design



DESIGN ELEMENTS

- Site Planning
- Pedestrian Areas and Parking
- Scale and Massing
- Architectural Detail
- Screening
- Landscaping
- Signage
- Lighting



DESIGN ELEMENTS

- Site Design
- Scale and Massing
- Architecture Character
- Materials and Color
- Parking and Circulation
- Roof Design
- Façade and Fenestration
- Fencing and Landscaping



Transportation Concepts

STREET TYPES & MODAL PRIORITIES

- Enhanced Multimodal Intersection
- Railroad Crossing with Enhanced Multimodal Crossings
- Roadway with Vehicular Priority
- Roadway with Multimodal Priority
- Existing Local Street
- Potential Local Street

The 1st Street Corridor is intended to provide a multimodal environment that enables pedestrians, bicyclists, transit riders, and motorists to safely move to, from, and around the corridor. While the overall transportation network provides access and facilities for all modes of transport, modal priority varies as categorized below.

- **Vehicle Modal Priority:** US 287, 1st Street, Water Avenue/Route 10
- **Pedestrian & Bike Modal Priority:** Route 10E, Bunyan Avenue, potential linear park along east side of 1st Street

A set of local commercial streets are proposed west of 1st Street, including a few existing streets like 2nd Street, Turner Avenue, and Clayton Place.

TRAILS

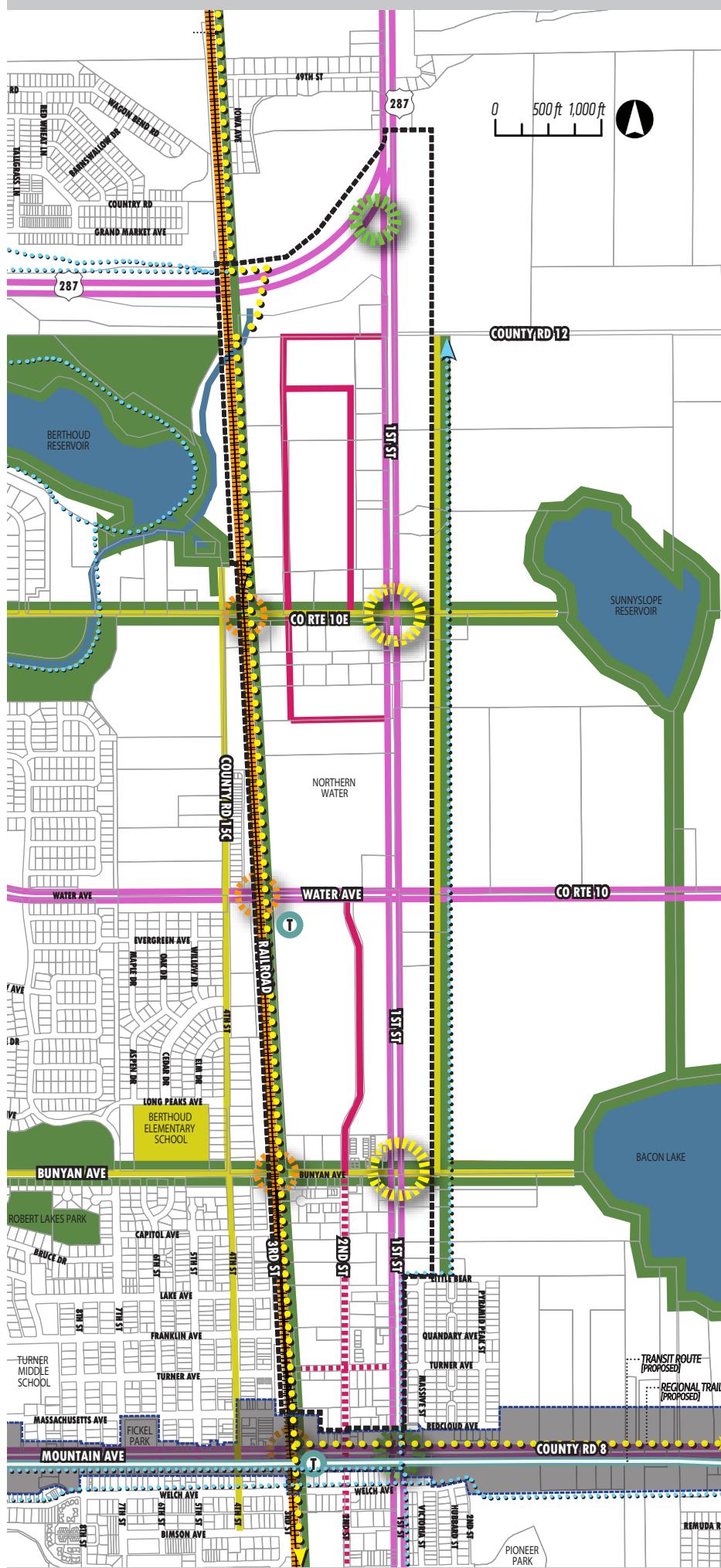
- Potential Local Trail
- Potential Regional Trail

One of the primary transportation action items from the 2021 Comprehensive Plan is to complete regional trail connections, as promoted in NFRMPO's 2021 Regional Active Transportation Plan. Potential regional trails are recommended along the railroad and Mountain Avenue/SH 56. The Regional Active Transportation (RATC) Network recommends a north/south trail along the BNSF railroad connecting Berthoud to Fort Collins (through Loveland). This regional trail would provide connections to the Little Thompson River trail, proposed to follow the Little Thompson River south of Mountain Avenue. Potential local trails are suggested in new developments, along Mountain Avenue, and around reservoirs. The recommended linear park on the east side of 1st Street may also provide trail-like access and mobility for pedestrians and bicyclists.

TRANSIT

-  Potential Transit Route
-  Potential Transit Station

The 2021 Comprehensive Plan carries forward the North I-25 Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) recommendation for a transit route along Mountain Avenue (SH 56). This route is intended to connect the Mobility Hub at I-25 to downtown Berthoud and the potential/future Passenger Rail Station. The Town is currently exploring transit service options, such as micromobility, to best meet the Town's mobility needs. Current BATS service is available along 1st Street and in the Innovation District. Any new service would also be available to this area.



Transportation Concepts

KEY EAST/WEST CONNECTORS

Bunyan Ave, Water Ave (CR10), CR10E, CR 12

Key east/west streets connect neighborhoods, community destinations, and the Innovation District. These streets should include one vehicular travel lane in each direction and prioritize the movement of bicyclists and pedestrians via enhanced multimodal facilities. Special consideration should be given to railroad crossings and the intersections of 1st Street. Intersections are focal points of crossing activity and are a critical part of the corridor. The intersections of 1st Street and CR 10E and Bunyan Avenue should be designed to prioritize the safe movement of pedestrians and bicyclists. These intersections should facilitate visibility and predictability for all users, creating an environment in which crossings feel safe, easy, and intuitive.

TRUCK ROUTES

Public feedback indicates the need to maintain and/or enhance truck and freight access to/from industrial properties. A preferred truck route and truck specific improvements (e.g., wider turning lanes) may be recommended.

PARKING

Private Parking: Private parking should be tucked behind or between buildings to minimize the visibility from public streets. Residential parking spaces should be accessed from alleyways.

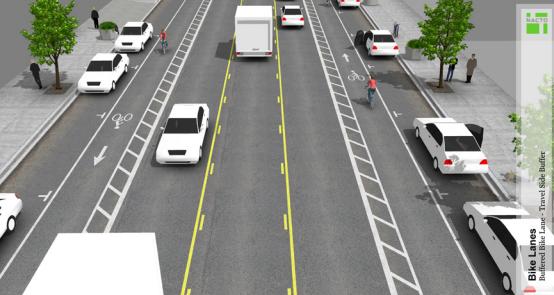
On-Street Public Parking: Parking is not recommended on 1st Street. However, public on-street parallel parking is permissible on local and collector streets, and is recommended to support adjacent commercial and mixed use land uses, such as in the Innovation District.

Local Streets: Where possible, unmetered parallel parking should be provided on both sides of local streets. The existing informal pull-in parking area should be formalized as parallel parking for consistency.

Truck Parking: There may be potential opportunities for truck parking within the Innovation District.

BIKE FACILITIES CONSIDERATIONS

Bicycle facilities are recommended on 1st Street, 4th Street, Bunyan Avenue, and CR 10E as these streets are key local and regional connectors to neighborhoods, community destinations, and the Innovation District. Bike lanes designate an exclusive space for bicyclists using a combination of pavement markings, signage, and/or separation. The appropriate bicycle facility type varies based on factors such as the average daily traffic (ADT) and the anticipated type(s) of cyclists using the facility. The table below informed the recommended facility type for the streets within the 1st Street Corridor Study Area.

Type	Typical Applications
Conventional Bike Lanes Conventional bike lanes designate an exclusive space for bicyclists using pavement markings and signage. Bike lanes enable bicyclists to ride at their preferred speed without interference from vehicular traffic. Bike lanes facilitate predictable behavior and movements between bicyclists and motorists.	<p>Conventional bike lanes are typically on the right side of the street, between the adjacent travel lane and curb, road edge, or parking lane. Most helpful on streets with $\geq 3,000$ motor vehicle average daily traffic (ADT) and on streets with a posted speed ≥ 25 mph.</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;">   </div> <p>Source: Google Earth Location: Gate Way Park Blvd, Berthoud</p> <p>Source: NACTO; https://nacto.org/publication/urban-bikeway-design-guide/bike-lanes/conventional-bike-lanes/</p>
Buffered Bike Lanes Buffered bike lanes are conventional bicycle lanes paired with a designated buffer space separating the bicycle lane from the adjacent motor vehicle travel lane and/or parking lane. Buffered bike lanes provide greater separation between motor vehicles and bicyclists.	<p>Buffered bike lanes can be considered anywhere a standard bike lane is being considered and on streets with extra lanes or extra lane width. Most helpful on streets with higher travel speeds, higher ADT, and/or high amounts of truck traffic.</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;">   </div> <p>Source: Google Earth Location: Meadowlark Ave, Fort Collins</p> <p>Source: NACTO; https://nacto.org/publication/urban-bikeway-design-guide/bike-lanes/buffered-bike-lanes/</p>

Transportation Concepts

BIKE FACILITIES CONSIDERATIONS [CONTINUED]

Type	Typical Applications
Cycle Tracks A cycle track is an exclusive bike facility that combines the user experience of a separated path with the on-street infrastructure of a conventional bike lane.	<p>Most helpful on streets with parking lanes and on streets which bike lanes would cause many bicyclists to feel stress because of factors such as multiple lanes, high traffic volumes, high speed traffic, high demand for double parking, and high parking turnover.</p> <p>Features: A cycle track is physically separated from motor traffic and distinct from the sidewalk. Cycle tracks have different forms but all share common elements—they provide space that is intended to be exclusively or primarily used for bicycles, and are separated from motor vehicle travel lanes, parking lanes, and sidewalks. Cycle tracks may be one-way or two-way, and may be at street level, at sidewalk level, or at an intermediate level.</p>
One Way Protected Cycle Tracks One-way protected cycle tracks are bikeways physically separated from the roadway allowing bicycle movement in one direction, typically the same direction as vehicular traffic.	<p>Most applicable on streets with parking lanes and streets on which bike lanes would cause many bicyclists to feel stress because of factors such as multiple lanes, high traffic volumes, high speed traffic, high demand for double parking, and high parking turnover. Most helpful on streets with high bicycle volumes and streets with high ADT and speeds.</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;">   </div> <p>Source: Streetsblog Denver; https://denver.streetsblog.org/2017/08/31/eyes-on-the-street-the-14th-street-bike-lane-is-immediately-denvers-best/ Location: 14th St, Denver</p> <p>Source: NACTO; https://nacto.org/publication/urban-bikeway-design-guide/cycle-tracks/one-way-protected-cycle-tracks/</p>
Two Way Cycle Tracks Two-way cycle tracks (also known as on-street bike paths) are physically separated cycle tracks that allow bicycle movement in both directions on one side of the road. Two-way cycle tracks share some of the same design characteristics as one-way tracks but may require additional considerations at driveway and side-street crossings.	<p>Most helpful on streets with few conflicts such as driveways or cross-streets on one side of the street. Also helpful on streets where more destinations are on one side thereby reducing the need to cross the street.</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;">   </div> <p>Source: BikeWalkKC; https://bikewalkkc.org/advocacy/gillham-corridor-complete-street-projects/ Location: Gillham Rd, Kansas City</p> <p>Source: NACTO; https://nacto.org/publication/urban-bikeway-design-guide/cycle-tracks/one-way-protected-cycle-tracks/</p>

Corridor Character Transitions

Overview

Spanning approximately 2 miles, the 1st Street Corridor extends from the urbanized portions of Berthoud on the south to more rural areas northward. Even as the corridor manages development over time, the development expectations and supporting design guidelines seek to honor Berthoud's small town heritage and rural aesthetic.

Three specific corridor character transition areas are summarized below and described in this chapter.

1/ URBAN CHARACTER

Extending from Mountain Ave to Bunyan Ave

2/ TRANSITIONAL CHARACTER

Extending from Bunyan Ave to Water Ave

3/ RURAL CHARACTER

Extending from Water Ave to CR12/US 287



Urban Character

MOUNTAIN AVENUE TO BUNYAN AVENUE

CORRIDOR CHARACTER TRANSITION

This stretch of 1st Street transitions from a major arterial (Mountain Avenue) to a major collector (Bunyan Avenue). It also includes a range of uses on both sides of the corridor. A variety of existing technical businesses and production uses occupy the west side of 1st Street, while Peakview Meadows neighborhood is located on the east side.

KEY CONCEPTS

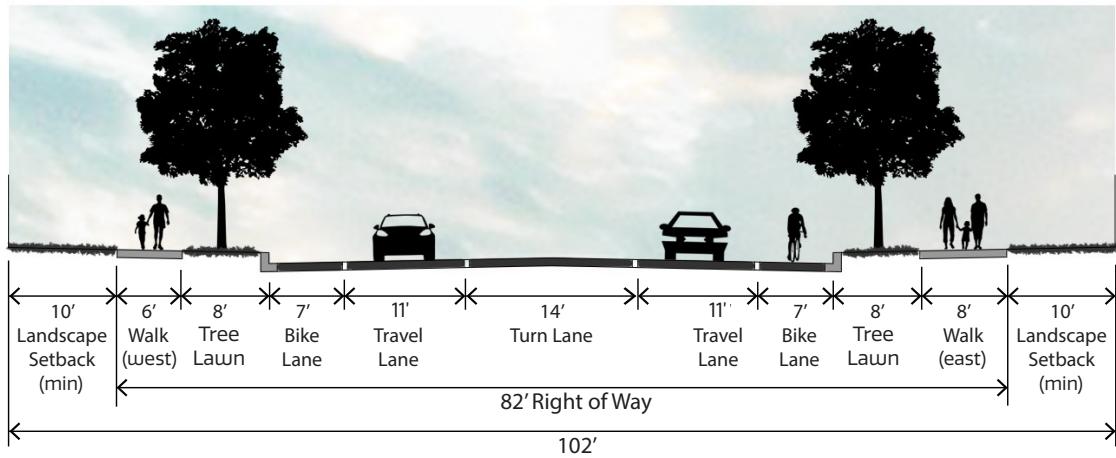
- Street, sidewalk, and right of way widths are reduced to limit impacts to existing adjacent developments and promote a more pedestrian-scale environment
- Left turn lanes maintain existing access (no raised medians)
- Buffered bike lanes on both sides of the street
- Detached sidewalks and street trees in tree lawns on both sides of the street
- Water saving landscape treatments are encouraged, where appropriate
- Increased architectural standards required when development occurs along higher visibility parcels adjacent to 1st Street
- Trees with seasonal interest are encouraged in medians and tree lawns to reinforce the Town's image as the Garden Spot. Trees with seasonal interest include flowering trees, trees with interesting leaf colors, and trees with vibrant fall color.
- Curb and gutter on both sides of the street



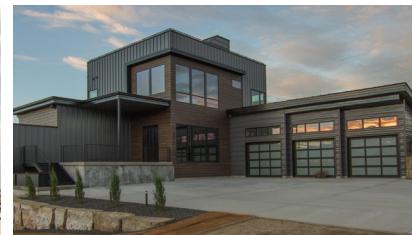
Urban Character

MOUNTAIN AVENUE TO BUNYAN AVENUE

CORRIDOR CHARACTER TRANSITION



PRECEDENT IMAGES



Transitional Character

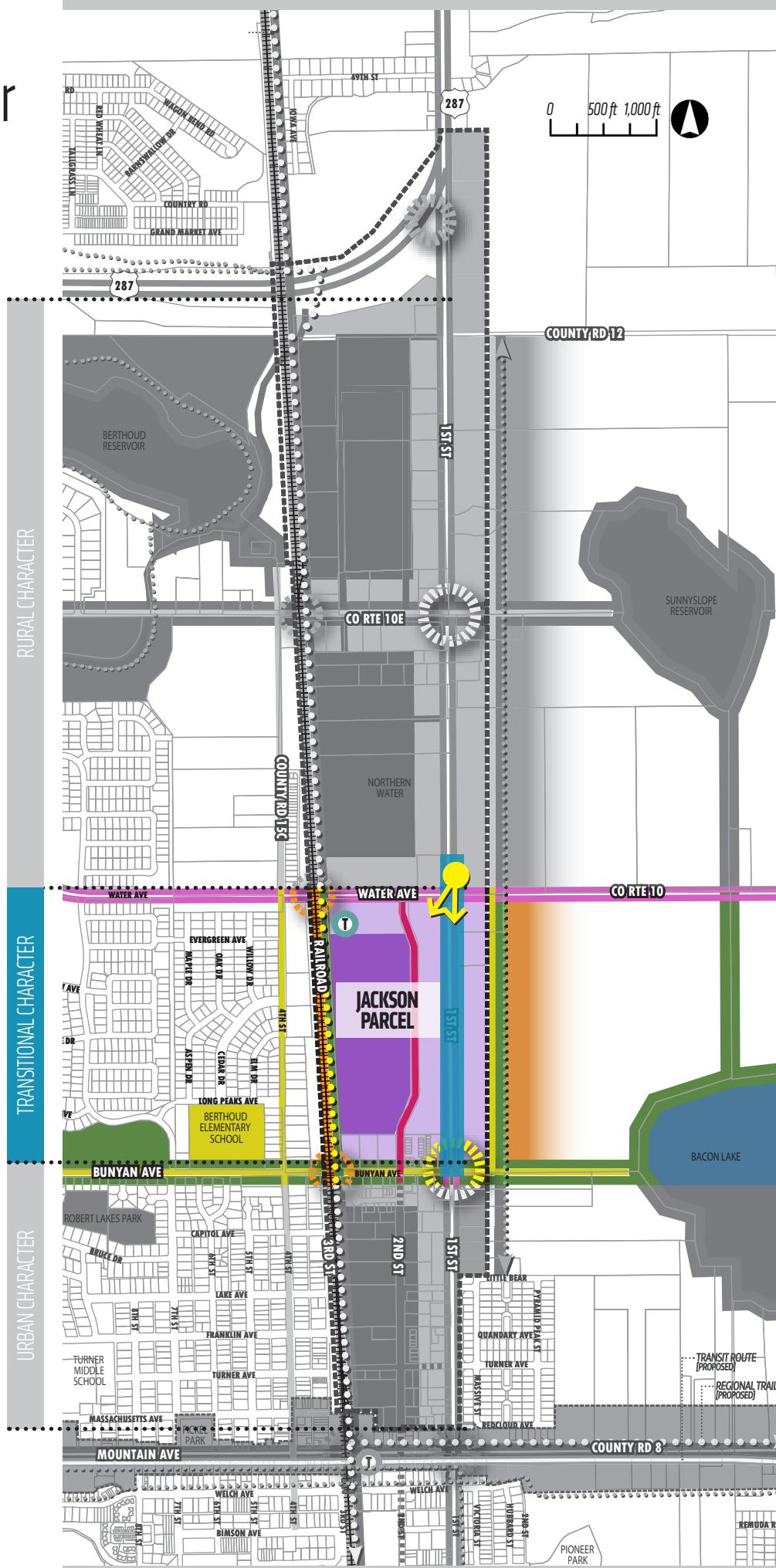
BUNYAN AVENUE TO WATER AVENUE

CORRIDOR CHARACTER TRANSITION

This stretch of 1st Street transitions from one major collector (Bunyan Avenue) to another (Water Avenue), which enables the segment to serve as transitional zone between an urban character to the south and a rural character to the north. The 80-acre Jackson Parcel, which is described in more detail on page 36, occupies a significant portion of this transitional zone. There are a few existing technical businesses and production uses along the north side of Bunyan Avenue.

KEY CONCEPTS

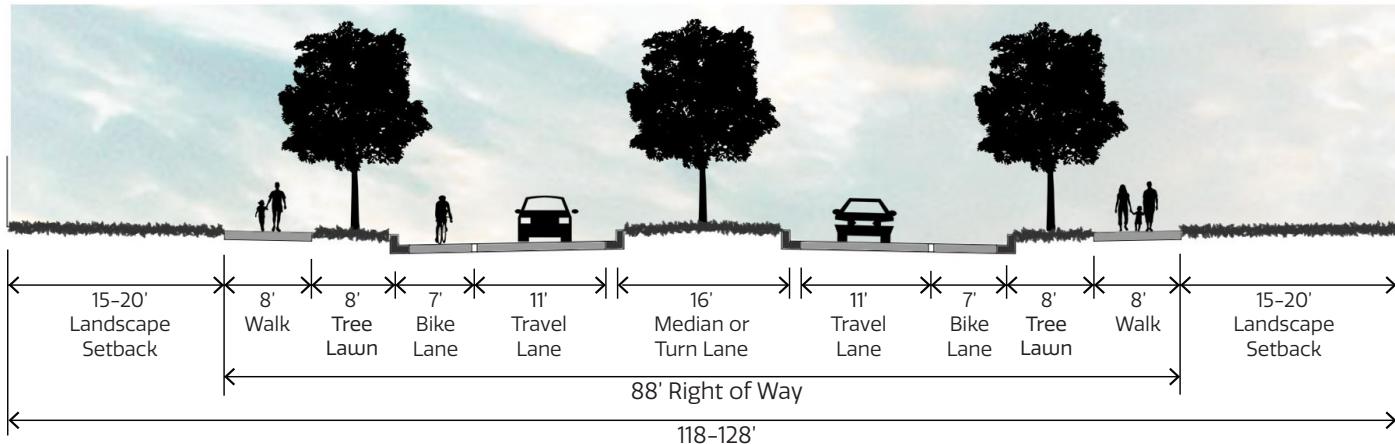
- Raised median with landscaping
- Buffered bike lanes on both sides of the street
- Detached sidewalks on both sides of the street
- Street trees in tree lawns on both sides of the street
- Water saving landscape concepts are encouraged, where appropriate
- Increased architectural standards required when development occurs along higher visibility parcels adjacent to 1st Street
- Trees with seasonal interest are encouraged in medians and tree lawns to reinforce the Town's image as the Garden Spot. Trees with seasonal interest include flowering trees, trees with interesting leaf colors, and trees with vibrant fall color.
- Curb and gutter and/or rural ditches
- Multimodal enhancements to facilitate safe pedestrian and bicyclist crossings at the intersection of 1st Street and Bunyan Avenue



Transitional Character

BUNYAN AVENUE TO WATER AVENUE

CORRIDOR CHARACTER TRANSITION



SOUTHWARD VIEW, PEDESTRIAN PERSPECTIVE



PRECEDENT IMAGES



Rural Character

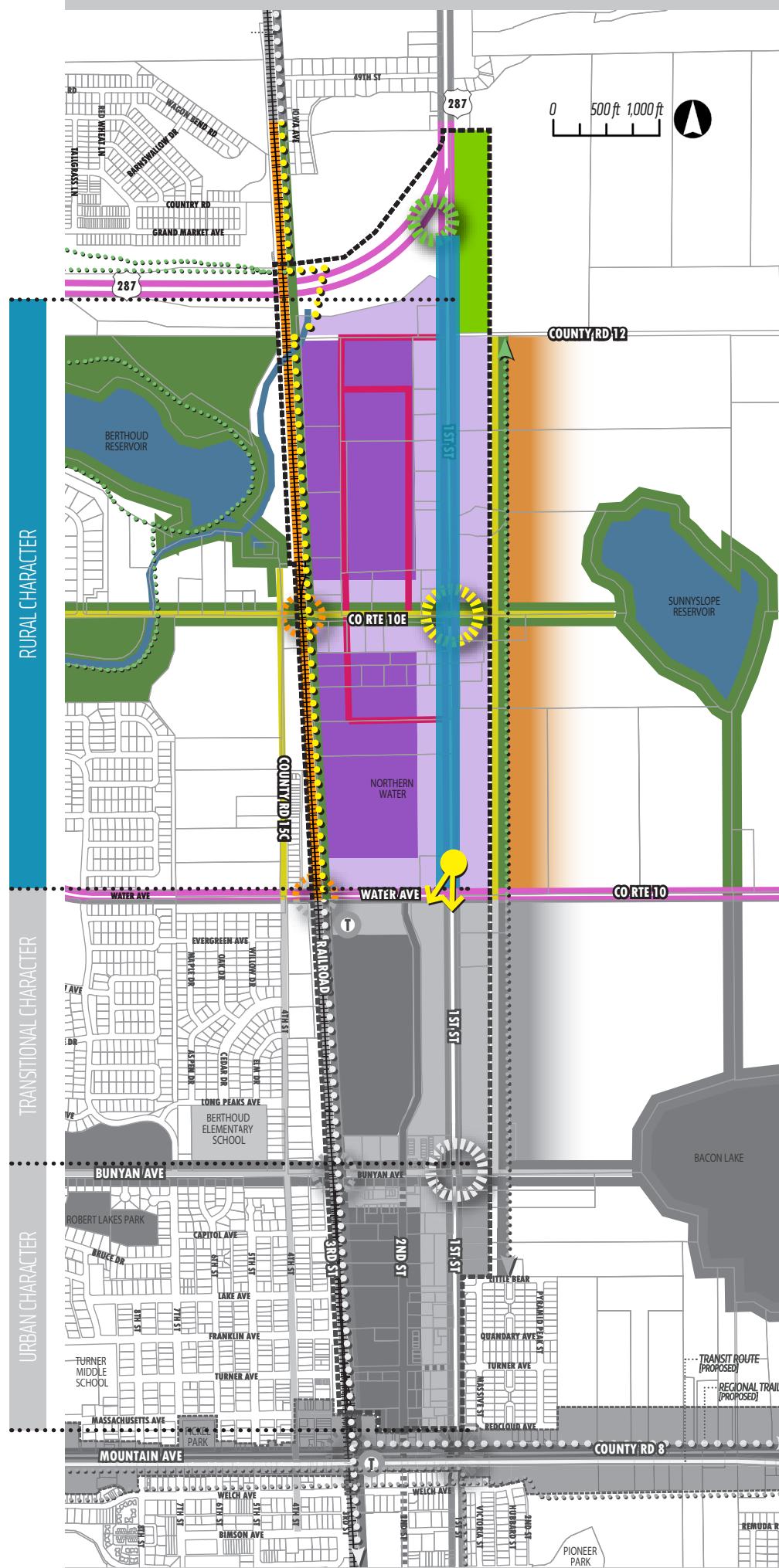
WATER AVENUE TO CR12/US 287

CORRIDOR CHARACTER TRANSITION

This stretch of 1st Street transitions from major collector (Water Avenue) to a minor collector (CR12) towards the US 287 interchange. The current character of this segment is predominantly rural in nature, particularly east of 1st Street. The west side includes a mix of existing technical businesses and production uses, including Northern Water's campus headquarters. A rural character is proposed for this segment, even as the corridor experiences new development.

KEY CONCEPTS

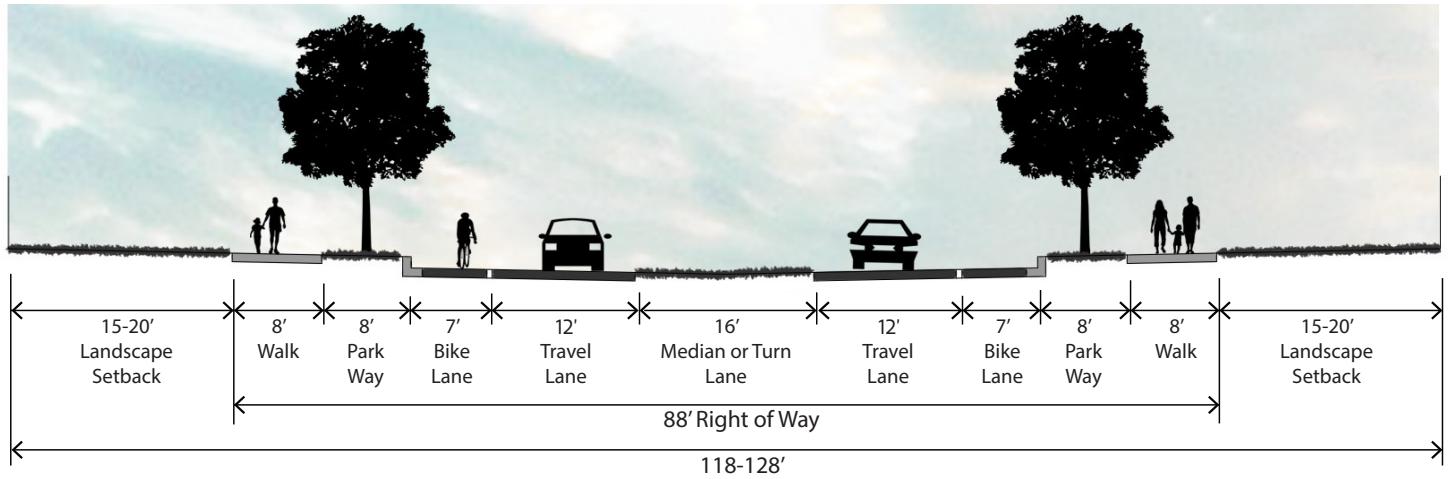
- Sparsely landscaped depressed median is more rural in character, as compared to raised median
- Buffered bike lanes on both sides of the street
- Detached sidewalks on both sides of the street
- Street trees in tree lawns on both sides of the street
- Water saving landscape concepts are encouraged, where appropriate
- Increased architectural standards when development occurs along the higher visibility parcels adjacent 1st Street and Bunyan Avenue
- Portions of tree lawn can be landscaped with water saving plants instead of bluegrass to build on Garden Spot image
- Trees with seasonal interest are encouraged in medians and tree lawns to reinforce the Town's image as the Garden Spot. Trees with seasonal interest include flowering trees, trees with interesting leaf colors, and trees with vibrant fall color.



Rural Character

WATER AVENUE TO CR12/US 287

CORRIDOR CHARACTER TRANSITION



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CHAPTER 6

Focus Areas

Overview

The land use, transportation, and urban design concepts cover the entirety of the 1st Street Corridor. This chapter highlights focus areas that will play significant roles in defining the character and development of the corridor:

1/ LINEAR PARK

A potential linear park that provides modal priority to pedestrians and bicyclists east of 1st Street.

2/ JACKSON PARCEL

The largest cohesive portion of land that will be integral to building up the Innovation District envisioned for the corridor.

3/ BUNYAN AVENUE

Major east/west connector that links the corridor to the rest of Berthoud to the west.

4/ INTERSECTIONS

Traditional and roundabout intersection treatments.

5/ US 287 INTERCHANGE

Potential conversion of the north end into a full interchange.



Focus Areas

The focus areas are shown on the map on the right. Bunyan Avenue intersects with the potential linear park and serves as the southern boundary of the Jackson parcel, which illustrates how the focus areas can influence each other.

LINEAR PARK

Potential park spans approximately 2 miles on the east side of 1st Street to provide modal priority to pedestrians and bicyclists parallel to the main corridor.

[See page 35 for details](#)

JACKSON PARCEL

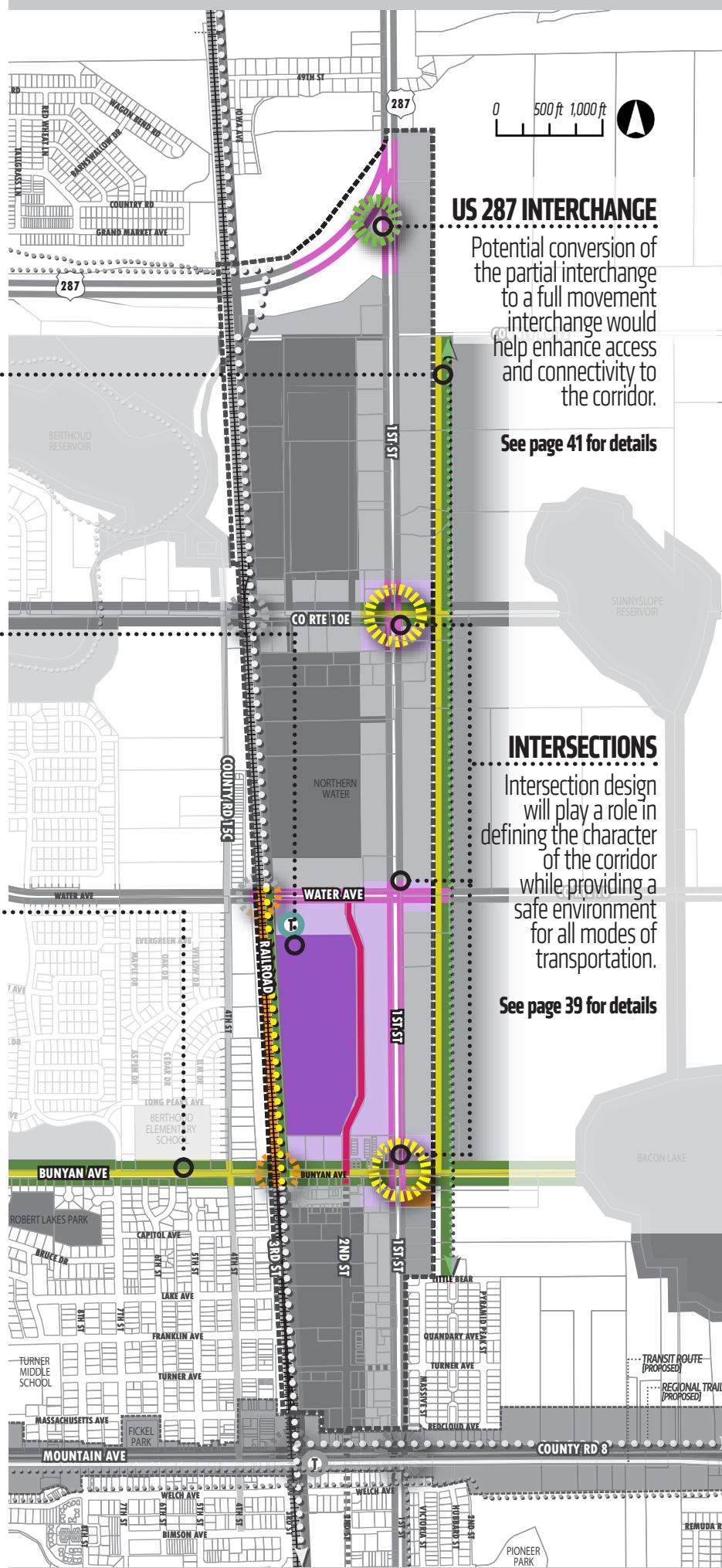
An approximately 80 acre property on the west side of 1st Street provides a unique opportunity to create a unified industrial/commercial mixed use district with options for housing, entertainment, and recreation.

[See page 36 for details](#)

BUNYAN AVE

Key east/west corridor serves as a parallel route to Mountain Avenue, linking the 1st Street Corridor to Berthoud's historic core, community destinations such as Berthoud Elementary School, Berthoud Recreation Center, Waggener Farm Park, and the Town's western growth area. A future eastern extension of Bunyan Avenue would also connect to Bacon Lake.

[See page 37 for details](#)



Linear Park

KEY CONCEPTS

- Linear park and trail extend from Peakview Meadows to CR12
- 120-foot wide park serves recreational and stormwater needs
- Uses in linear park will vary along its length
- Urban residential uses on east side front onto the park with parking behind
- Water saving landscape concepts are encouraged, where appropriate
- Increased architectural standards when development occurs along the higher visibility parcels adjacent Bunyan Avenue and the park
- Linear park will be bordered by higher visibility innovation uses on the west and urban residential on the east



PRECEDENT IMAGES



Jackson Parcel

The Jackson Parcel is zoned industrial and proposed uses will include industrial innovation uses. Increased architectural standards are required for parcels with higher visibility, i.e., adjacent to 1st Street, Water Avenue, and Bunyan Avenue. Lesser architectural standards will be required for parcels with lower visibility, including those on the western side of the property by the railroad.

KEY CONCEPTS

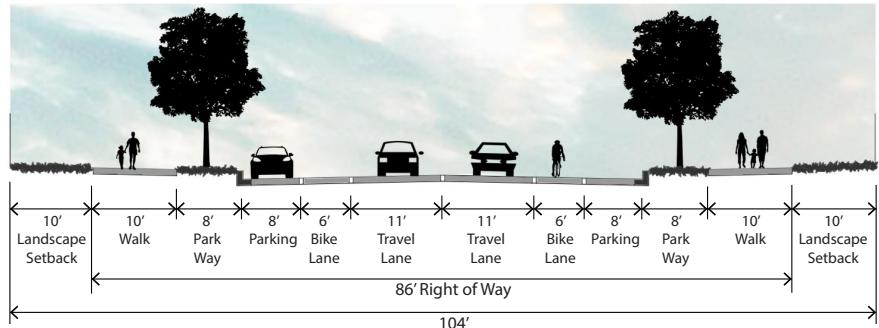
- Green edge and streetscape are important around perimeter of parcel
- Buildings front along 1st Street, 2nd Street, Water Avenue, and Bunyan Avenue to create a more pedestrian-friendly streetscape
- Increased level of walkability and bikeability
- Green space serves dual purpose (detention and gathering space)
- 1 to 2 story buildings adjacent to 1st Street, Water Avenue, and Bunyan Avenue
- Up to 3 story buildings in internal parcels
- Architectural character will be similar to the precedent images
- Parking areas are tucked behind and between buildings



Bunyan Avenue | WEST OF 1ST STREET

KEY CONCEPTS

- Buffered bike lanes on both sides of the street
- Parallel parking on both sides of the street
- Detached sidewalks on both sides of the street
- Street trees in tree lawns on both sides of the street
- Water saving landscape concepts are encouraged, where appropriate
- Increased architectural standards required when development occurs along higher visibility parcels adjacent to Bunyan Avenue



WESTWARD VIEW, PEDESTRIAN PERSPECTIVE



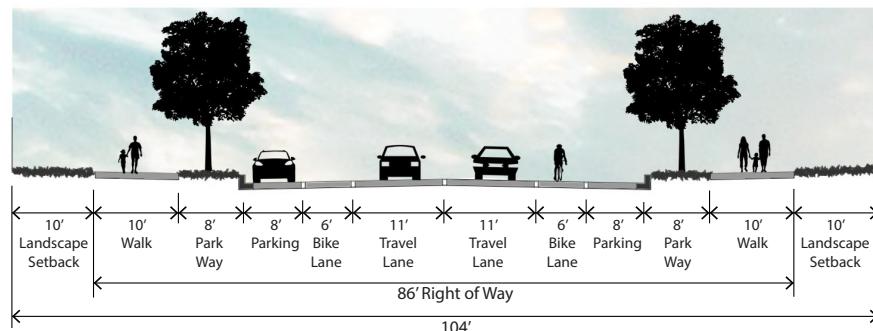
PRECEDENT IMAGES



Bunyan Avenue | EAST OF 1ST STREET

KEY CONCEPTS

- Strong visual and physical connection to Bacon Lake
- Buffered bike lanes on both sides of the street
- Parallel parking on both sides of the street
- Detached sidewalks on both sides of the street
- Street trees in tree lawns on both sides of the street
- Water saving landscape concepts are encouraged, where appropriate
- Increased architectural standards required when development occurs along higher visibility parcels adjacent to Bunyan Avenue and the park
- Linear park in the midground is bordered by higher visibility innovation uses on the west and urban residential on the east



EASTWARD VIEW, AERIAL PERSPECTIVE



PRECEDENT IMAGES



Intersections

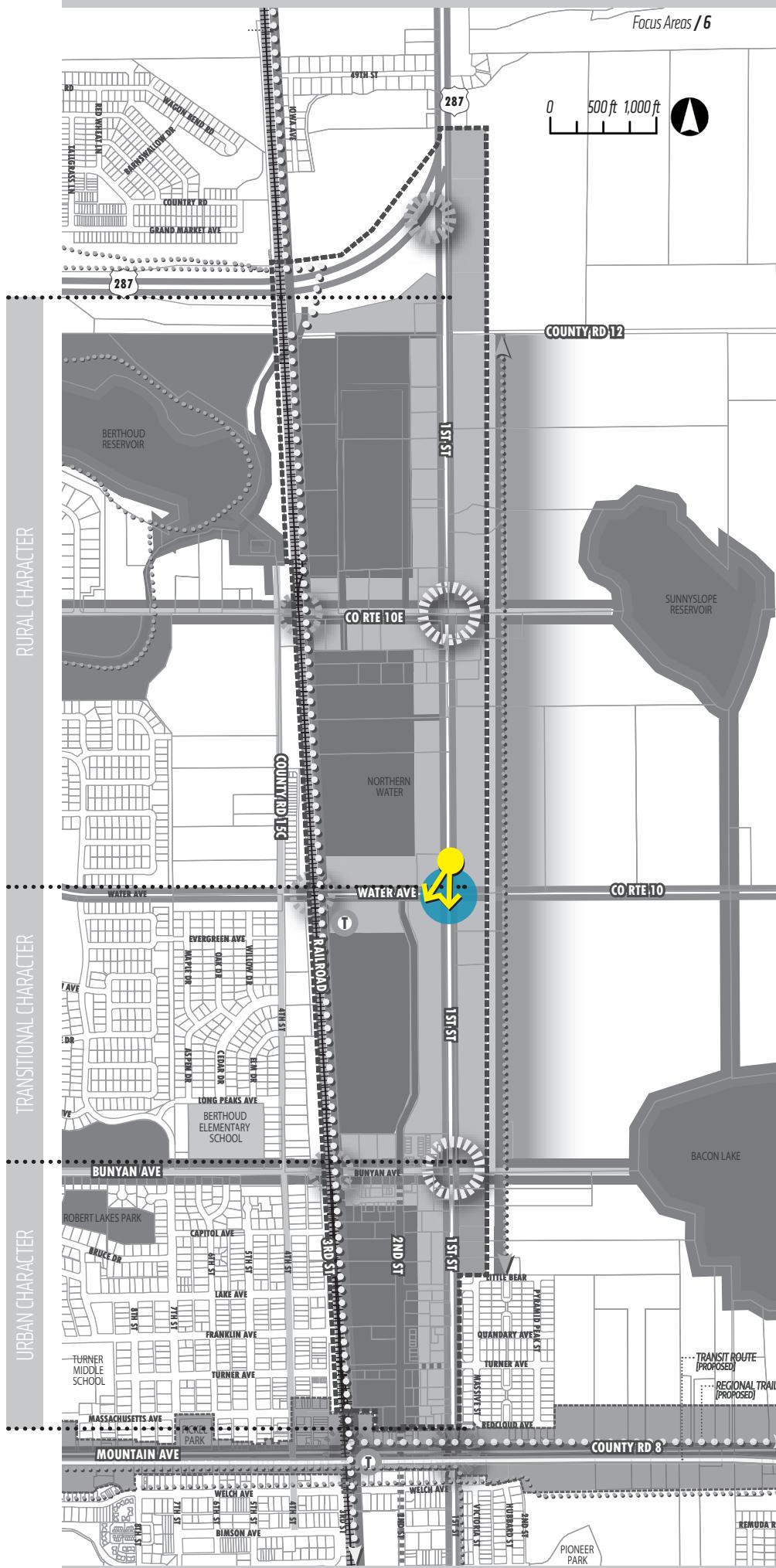
TRADITIONAL VS ROUNDABOUTS

Intersection treatments can add character to the 1st Street Corridor while also providing modal priority in a safe and appropriate manner. For example, a roundabout may be the more appropriate intersection treatment to transition from one district to another, to create a gateway, and to slow vehicular traffic.

Even though it is just outside the Study Area, the 1st Street intersection at Mountain Avenue presently has a roundabout. All other intersections along 1st Street each currently have a traditional design. However, a roundabout could be introduced at certain intersections along 1st Street, such as the Water Avenue intersection as marked on the map on the right.

KEY CONCEPTS

- Roundabouts could be used at intersections with higher vehicular priority
- At the roundabout, bikes have the option to merge on to sidewalks or share travel lanes with cars
- Center island could be a gateway and reinforce the Town's garden spot image
- Water saving landscape concepts are encouraged, where appropriate
- Roundabout will be sized appropriately to accommodate truck traffic
- Roundabouts require more space than traditional intersections and is anticipated to have a greater impact on adjacent properties



Intersections

TRADITIONAL VS ROUNDABOUTS

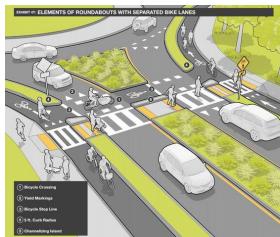
TRADITIONAL INTERSECTION: SOUTHWARD VIEW, PEDESTRIAN PERSPECTIVE



ROUNDABOUT INTERSECTION: SOUTHWARD VIEW, PEDESTRIAN PERSPECTIVE



PRECEDENT IMAGES



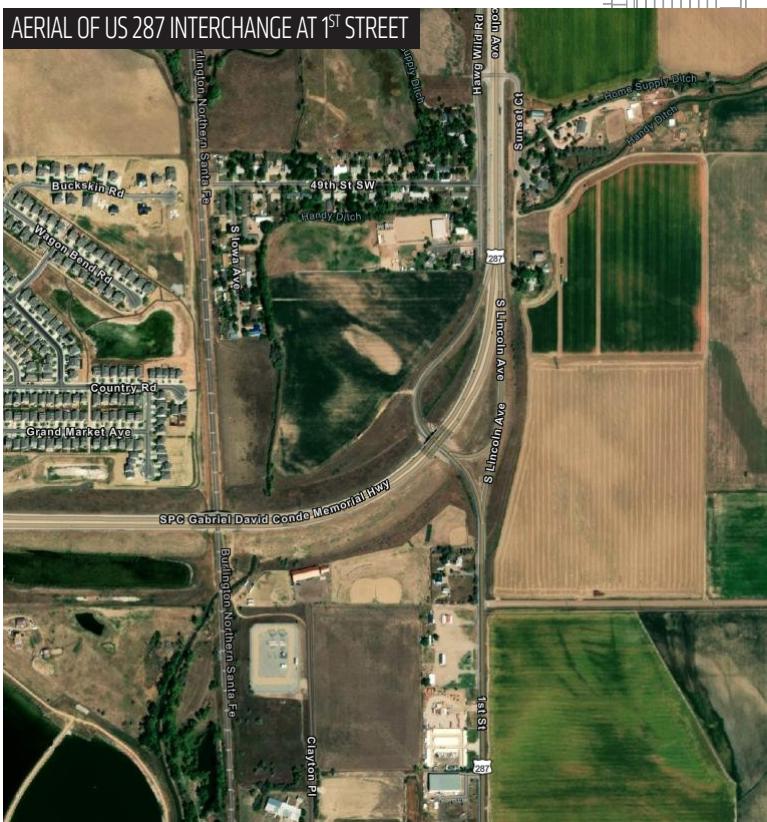
US 287 Interchange

INTERCHANGE

The US 287 interchange is currently a partial interchange; travelers northbound on 1st Street can only access northbound US 287 and southbound 1st Street can only be accessed from southbound US 287. ***It is recommended that the Town coordinate with the Colorado Department of Transportation (CDOT), the owner of US 287, to evaluate the potential impacts of converting this partial interchange to a full movement interchange.*** A full movement interchange would improve access and connectivity to the residents and businesses along 1st Street, and to the Innovation District. The full movement interchange may potentially alleviate some of the traffic and freight congestion at the other US 287 and Berthoud Parkway intersection. A full movement interchange would also likely increase the vehicular traffic of 1st Street. The US 287 and 1st Street interchange is an opportune location to create a northern gateway into Berthoud.



AERIAL OF US 287 INTERCHANGE AT 1ST STREET



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CHAPTER 7

Next Steps

Achieving the vision for the 1st Street Corridor as defined in this plan will require coordination of Town initiatives, partnerships, and resources that move projects from the drawing table to town approval meetings to groundbreakings. These projects may run a diverse range from development projects, property consolidation, and utility infrastructure improvements to streetscape enhancements, trail connections, and transit coordination.

The Implementation Matrix on the following page identifies action items by achievable goal, with each action item assigned a priority level and timeframe for completion, an estimated cost range, and one or more agencies to serve as resources and potential Town partners (listed on the right).

TOWN PARTNERS

BACC	Berthoud Area Chamber of Commerce
BFPD	Berthoud Fire Protection District
BHS	Berthoud Historical Society
BRCC	Berthoud Rotary Club
CCCD	Colorado Center for Community Development
CCI	Colorado Creative Industries
CDOT	Colorado Department of Transportation
CHAFA	Colorado Housing and Finance Authority
COEDIT	Colorado Office of Economic Development and International Trade
CPW	Colorado Parks and Wildlife
CWCB	Colorado Water Conservation Board
DCI	Downtown Colorado, Inc.
DOLA	Colorado Department of Local Affairs
FHA	Federal Highway Administration
LC	Larimer County
LTWD	Little Thompson Water District
NCWCD	Northern Colorado Water Conservancy District (Northern Water)
NFRMPO	North Front Range Metropolitan Planning Organization
RAFT	Berthoud Rural Alternative for Transportation
REDI	Northern Colorado Regional Economic Development Initiative
TFORT	Transfort
UC	Upstate Colorado
WC	Weld County



Implementation Matrix

Action Items	Priority	Timeframe	Cost	Town Partners
MANAGED GROWTH				
Update the Town's Three Mile Area Plan to identify and coordinate potential annexation of properties in the corridor	2	ST	\$	LC, property owners
Update the Town's Development Code as needed to support the types of development, architecture, and site features proposed for the corridor	2	ST	\$	TBD
Coordinate projects and policies that impact both 1st Street and Mountain Avenue given the proximity of the two corridors	2	ON	\$	Development community
Maintain communication with corridor property owners to be transparent with potential development proposals and corridor improvements	2	ON	\$	TBD
Develop a formalized landscape concept plan for the tree lawns and medians to guide future development and create a cohesive look throughout the 1st Street corridor.	2	ST	\$	TBD
TRANSPORTATION ENHANCEMENTS				
Coordinate multimodal transportation elements such as sidewalks, bike facilities, local and regional trails, transit stops and stations, intersection treatments, truck routes, etc. with relevant agencies	2	ON	\$	CDOT, LC, NFRMPO, TfORT
Accommodate ride share, local transit, regional transit (e.g., potential future passenger rail), and other emerging mobility technologies into the Innovation District	2	ST	\$	TBD
Apply Complete Streets principles to 1st Street and other corridors to ensure multimodal connectivity and accessibility is prioritized along the corridor	2	MT	\$\$	TBD
Coordinate with CDOT to evaluate the feasibility and impact of upgrading the US 287 partial interchange into a full movement interchange	3	LT	\$\$	CDOT
Coordinate wayfinding and signage with a community branding campaign and Town-wide wayfinding signage plan	2	ON	\$	TBD, development community
Identify preferred truck routing and access within the Innovation District	3	ST	\$	LC, TBD
INFRASTRUCTURE IMPROVEMENTS				
Work with utility companies to identify, preserve, and/or modify utility easements in the corridor	2	ON	\$	TBD
Identify and build new or extended water, sewer, and stormwater utility infrastructure	1	ON	\$\$\$	TBD
ENVIRONMENTAL SUSTAINABILITY				
Work with property owners to identify and preserve conservation easements in the corridor	3	ON	\$	Property owners, development community
HOUSING DIVERSITY				
Use findings from a housing survey to identify how the corridor can help diversify Berthoud's housing stock	2	ST	\$	CCI, CHAFA, DOLA
ECONOMIC RESILIENCY				
Use findings from a business survey to identify business retention and attraction opportunities along the corridor	2	ST	\$	BACC, COEDIT, REDI, UC

MATRIX KEY

Priority Level

- 1: Critical
- 2: Vital
- 3: Desirable

Timeframe

- ST: Short Term (1-3 years)
- MT: Mid Term (3-5 years)
- LT: Long Term (5+ years)
- ON: Ongoing (as needed)

Cost

- \$: \$0 - \$100,000
- \$\$: \$100,000 - \$500,000
- \$\$: \$500,000+



Appendix

Public Workshop #1 Exhibits	A2
Public Workshop #2 Exhibits	A9
Public Workshop #3 Exhibits	A14
Modified Trends Map Concept A	A18
Modified Trends Map Concept B	A19



Public Workshop #1 | JULY 21, 2022 | VISUAL PREFERENCE BOARDS

1ST STREET CORRIDOR PLAN TOWN OF BERTHOUD, COLORADO



Commercial



Industrial (High Visibility)



Industrial (Low Visibility)



Public Workshop #1 | JULY 21, 2022 | VISUAL PREFERENCE BOARDS



1st STREET CORRIDOR PLAN TOWN OF BERTHOUD, COLORADO

Mixed use



Residential



Live-Work



Public Workshop #1 | JULY 21, 2022 | VISUAL PREFERENCE BOARDS



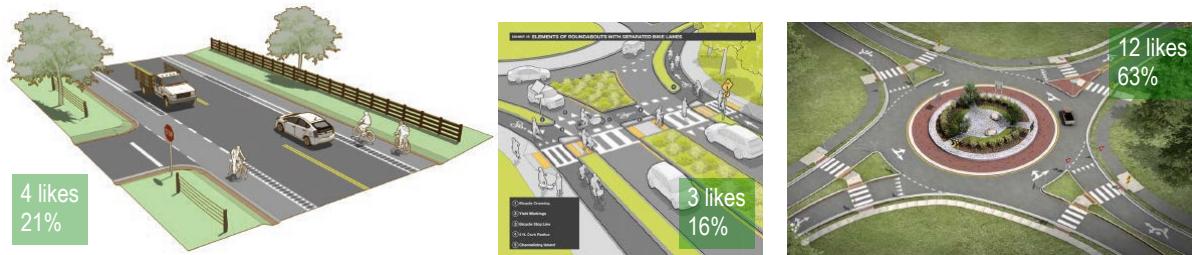
1ST STREET CORRIDOR PLAN

TOWN OF BERTHOUD, COLORADO

Local Street Intersections



Arterial Intersections



Bike Lanes



Pedestrian Crossings



Public Workshop #1 | JULY 21, 2022 | VISUAL PREFERENCE BOARDS

1st STREET CORRIDOR PLAN TOWN OF BERTHOUD, COLORADO



Arterial Streetscapes



Local Streetscapes



Linear Parks



Green Infrastructure



Public Workshop #1 | JULY 21, 2022 | VISUAL PREFERENCE BOARDS

1ST STREET CORRIDOR PLAN TOWN OF BERTHOUD, COLORADO



Gathering Spaces & Amenities



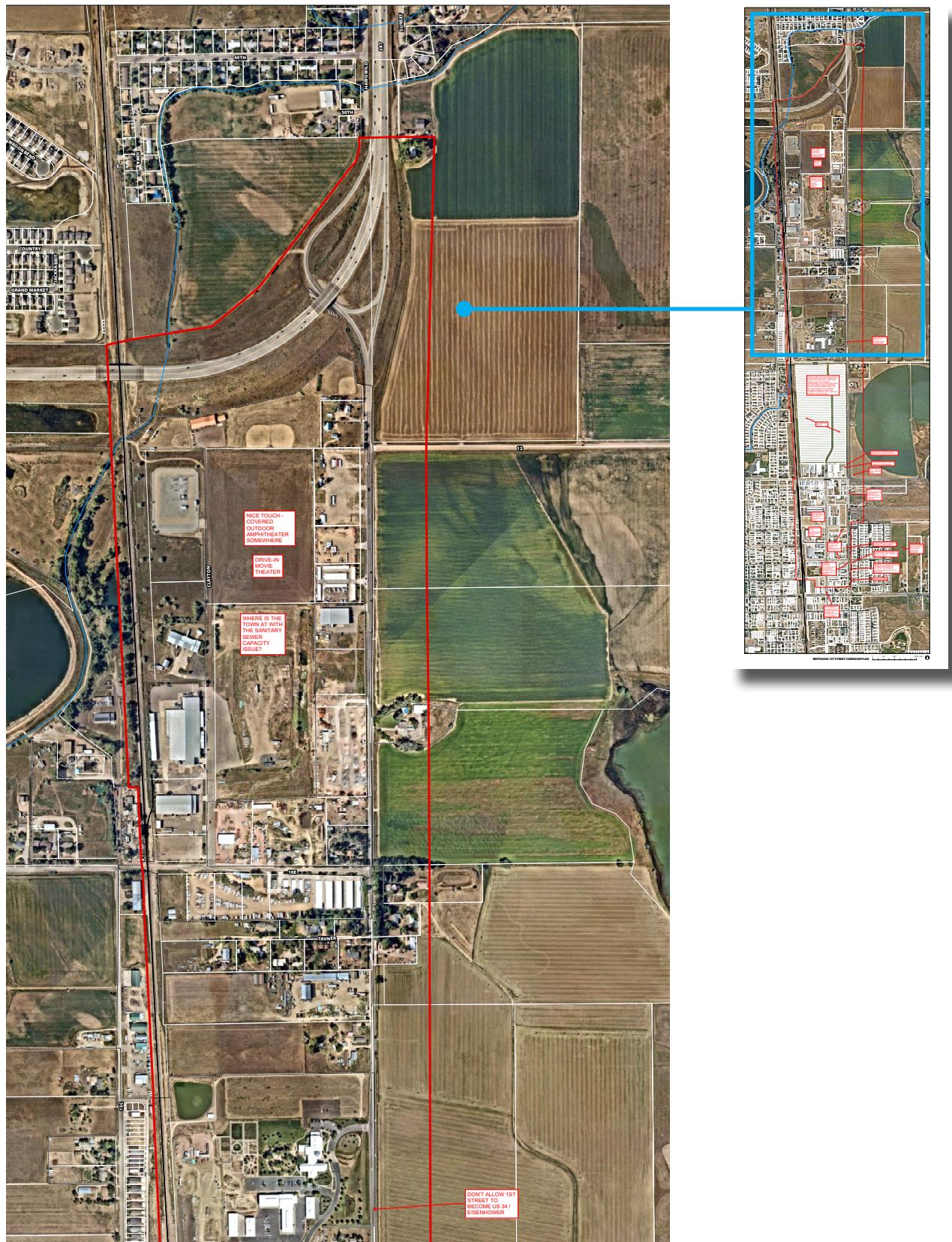
Signage & Murals



Off-Street Parking



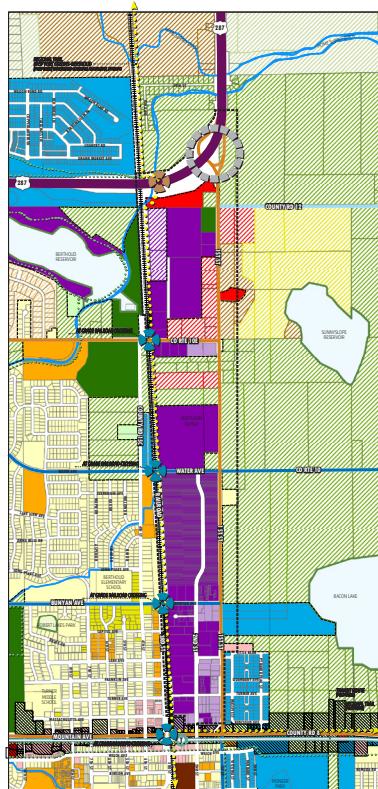
Public Workshop #1 | JULY 21, 2022 | AERIAL STRIP COMMENT MAP



Public Workshop #1 | JULY 21, 2022 | AERIAL STRIP COMMENT MAP



Public Workshop #2 | SEPTEMBER 14, 2022 | EXHIBITS



EXISTING TRENDS MAP

1ST STREET CORRIDOR PLAN | BERTHOUD, CO

INSTRUCTIONS: To share comments about this map, please use the post-it notes and/or the note pad next to this map.

TOWN ZONING DISTRICTS

- R1: Single Family Residential
- R2: Limited Multi Family Residential
- R3: Residential
- R4: Mixed Use
- R5: Manufactured Home
- PUD: Planned Unit Development
- C1: Neighborhood Commercial
- C2: General Commercial
- M1: Light Industrial
- M2: Industrial
- T: Transition
- Ag: Agriculture

*These are pending to be Mixed Use Districts in and around the Study Area

COUNTY ZONING DISTRICTS

- FA: Farming
- RE: Residential
- RR: Estate Residential
- RR: Residential
- M1: Multi-Family Residential
- C: Commercial
- I: Industrial

GENERAL MAP ELEMENTS

- Corridor Study Area Boundary
- Mountain Avenue Corridor

TRANSPORTATION ELEMENTS

- Existing At-Grade Railroad Crossing
- Potential Trail Underpass
- Existing US 287 Partial Interchange
- Potential Local Trail
- Potential Regional Trail
- Potential Transit Route

ROADWAY CLASSIFICATION HIERARCHY

- Highway
- 4-Lane Arterial Road*
- 2-Lane Arterial Road
- Major Collector Road
- Minor Collector Road

*The closest 4-lane arterial road is the northern end of Berthoud Parkway, which is located beyond the immediate Study Area to the west.

0 500 1,000 2,000 Feet

Town Zoning: Based on the 2020 Berthoud Zoning Map, the majority of the Study Area is zoned for industrial use (M1, M2, M3, M4). Some areas are zoned for both sides of 1st Street. This includes some areas zoned for planned unit development (PUD), which may become an increasingly viable way to build a mix of uses that make up the future district envisioned for the corridor. Each of the Town's zoning districts have its own set of site specific standards to guide potential development and corridor improvements.

County Zoning: Based on the 2019 Larimer County Zoning Map, County zoning districts are illustrated on the map for the northern portion of the Study Area. The Town may annex certain properties into Berthoud, at which point the Town's zoning classifications would supersede. However, there is also the potential that some properties remain unincorporated County property, which accentuates the significance of understanding the underlying zoning districts at the County level.

GENERAL MAP ELEMENTS

- Corridor Study Area Boundary
- Mountain Avenue Corridor

TRANSPORTATION ELEMENTS

- Existing At-Grade Railroad Crossing
- Potential Trail Underpass
- Existing US 287 Partial Interchange
- Potential Local Trail
- Potential Regional Trail
- Potential Transit Route

ROADWAY CLASSIFICATION HIERARCHY

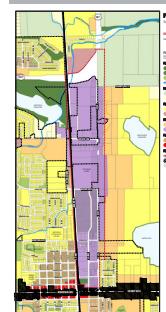
- Highway
- 4-Lane Arterial Road*
- 2-Lane Arterial Road
- Major Collector Road
- Minor Collector Road

*The closest 4-lane arterial road is the northern end of Berthoud Parkway, which is located beyond the immediate Study Area to the west.

0 500 1,000 2,000 Feet

ANNEXATION

Annexation of any property would place zoning jurisdiction in the Town's purview, which is beneficial to ensure any proposed developments or site improvements are consistent with the community's vision, eligible for Town services, and subject to the same zoning, planning, and development standards. Properties that remain unincorporated are subject to County zoning regulations and services. The intermixing of incorporated and unincorporated properties is most notable in the area north of Water Avenue/County Road 10 and US 287.

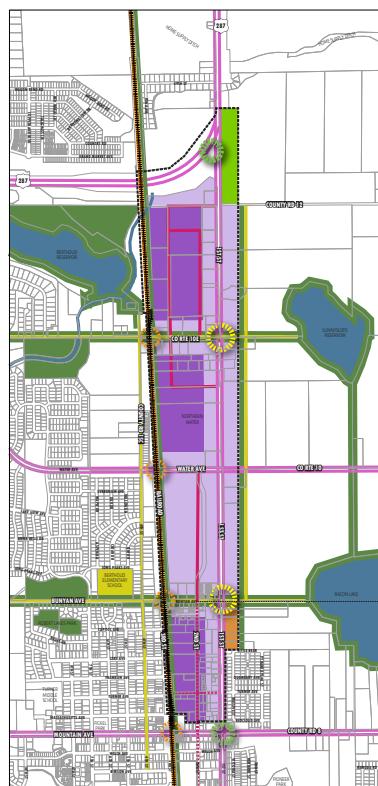


FUTURE LAND USE PLAN

As a supplemental map to the Existing Trends Map, the Future Land Use Plan Map (above) illustrates the underlying future land use categories identified in the 2021 Berthoud Zoning Map.

Much of the 1st Street Corridor Study Area is characterized by the Innovation District Character District (shown in light purple on the map). While the focus of the Innovation District is primarily employment and business uses, residential uses may be included as development sites to support the business community.

A small portion of the Study Area north of the Peakview Meadows neighborhood is characterized by the Urban Residential Character District (shown in orange on the map).



MODIFIED TRENDS MAP - CONCEPT A

1ST STREET CORRIDOR PLAN | BERTHOUD, CO

INSTRUCTIONS: To share comments about this map, please write your feedback in the **COMMENTS** area below. You may also share comments using the post-it notes and/or the note pad next to this map.

TOWN GATEWAY

- Green Edge / Park / Open Space
- Roadway with Vehicle Modal Priority

Roadway with Pedestrian and Bike Modal Priority

- Pedestrian-focused Road crossing

Proposed Local Commercial Street

Existing Local Commercial Street

Railroad

Railroad crossing

Higher Visibility Areas

Higher Visibility Areas

Innovation District (Lower Visibility)

Innovation District (Higher Visibility)

Urban Residential

Agriculture

1ST STREET, NORTH OF BUNYAN AVENUE

Urban character

BLOCK & FRONTAGE TYPES

1ST STREET, SOUTH OF BUNYAN AVENUE

Transition to downtown, more urban character, buildings use more urban edge, narrow building setbacks, detached walls, street trees, more manicured landscape.

Primarily buildings will front on public streets. Some buildings may side on to 1st Street. No buildings backing to public street. Buildings will be taller and more prominent, most buildings will front on the street with the highest classification of greatest public visibility.

0 500 1,000 2,000 Feet

DESCRIPTION

Concept A maximizes the characterization of the 1st Street Corridor as an Innovation District, with industrial and mixed use emphasized as the central development trend.

LAND USE

Focused Innovation District

MIXED USE/INDUSTRIAL EMPHASIS

The majority of the 1st Street Corridor is characterized by a mixed use/industrial corridor, including technical business/production, R&D, startups, makerspaces, and other commercial/light industrial with live/work housing.

East side of 1st Street will be a continuation of the higher visibility mixed use industrial corridor on the west side of corridor (live/work units, mixed use buildings) with a buffered transition into urban residential to the east (townhomes and multi-family options). Affordable housing will be encouraged where possible.

PLEASE SHARE YOUR COMMENTS BELOW

Love this plan! Prefer a mix of mixed use and housing. Hybrid of the 2 plans.

Sound barrier for residential along 1st

NO truck traffic along 4th Street (big rigs, etc.)

We need more sidewalks and bike paths

No more roundabouts

Thumbs up on more roundabouts on 1st Street to slow traffic down and make it easier to turn left

More roundabouts UGH!

(- sad face

I second this

Like this plan personally but from a tax income generating perspective. If the revenue price tag was high enough I would change to Concept A

Please provide notice of next meeting

Do not use confusing name "First Street", use "1st Street"

After talking more I switched from preferring Concept B to Concept A if it can be truly Innovative & Cutting edge, art mixed use, business support, etc.

Selling the natives & locals out to the highest corporate bidders.

Shameful



Public Workshop #2 | SEPTEMBER 14, 2022 | EXHIBITS

MODIFIED TRENDS: CONCEPTS A & B SHARED ATTRIBUTES

1ST STREET CORRIDOR PLAN | BERTHOUD, CO

ARCHITECTURE

HIGHER VISIBILITY AREAS are defined as areas that are within 300 feet of the centerline of 1st Street, Bunyan Ave, Water Ave, CR10, CR10E, and CR12.

LOW VISIBILITY AREAS cover all other areas within the corridor study area and preserve the ability for small businesses to enter the market and compete at lower cost.

Higher and Lower Visibility Areas will have differing design standards.

HIGHER / LOWER VISIBILITY AREAS - Higher visibility areas will be designated within the approved corridor plan and determine the standards and requirements of the built environment.

HIGHER VISIBILITY ARCHITECTURE - Preserves areas of the corridor to meet a higher standard of design details and materials. This allows for a higher quality product along visual corridors where the built environment most affects pedestrian and vehicular traffic.

LOWER VISIBILITY ARCHITECTURE - Preserves areas of existing architecture and promotes the development of future affordability within the corridor. Architecture in this area will have less stringent requirements for design and materials.

INSTRUCTIONS: To share comments about this exhibit, please use the post-it notes and/or the note pad.

None of these say "The Garden Spot" they say "Berthoud" this is a "beautiful farming town. The "Preston Market" screams "Berthoud". Where is any sense of "rural/farming architecture? Horrible & does not fit Berthoud or honor it's history."

Does anyone care to honor the "heritage of Berthoud? Or is it more important to service the almighty dollar & make a buck? I am a Berthoud mom. I beign box homes? Does no one have the foresight to make this town charming? I am a Berthoud mom. Loveland and Longmont. Demand the builders bring "beauty/character" to these towns. We are Berthoud mom. We want Berthoud small, special, unique. This is not generational, there is a movement of people that want to honor Berthoud. Removing the population cap was a horrible decision. Sad, sad, sad.

RESIDENTIAL

HIGHER VISIBILITY: ARCHITECTURE & FORM

The built environment within the high visibility 1st street corridor should provide opportunities for craftsmanship, ornament, proportions, and decoration that are consistent with the historic industrial or agricultural vernacular of the area. Architecture should follow the approved Berthoud Architectural Design Guidelines for the Urban Residential Character District (see excerpts below).



LOWER VISIBILITY: ARCHITECTURE & FORM

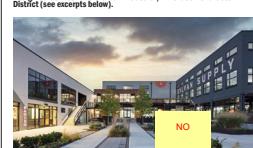
Architecture should provide opportunities for craftsmanship, ornament, proportions, and decoration that are consistent with the historic industrial or agricultural vernacular of the area. Architecture should follow the approved Berthoud Architectural Design Guidelines for the Urban Residential Character District (see excerpts below). This will however, be granted leeway with requirements affecting the ability to preserve existing and future affordability within the corridor (see excerpts below).



NON-RESIDENTIAL

HIGHER VISIBILITY: ARCHITECTURE & FORM

The built environment within the high visibility 1st street corridor should provide opportunities for craftsmanship, ornament, proportions, and decoration that are consistent with the historic industrial or agricultural vernacular of the area. Mixed use buildings in the High Visibility areas of the 1st Street Corridor should follow the approved Berthoud Architectural Design Guidelines for the Urban Industrial/Innovation Character District (see excerpts below).



LOWER VISIBILITY: ARCHITECTURE & FORM

The built environment within the low visibility nonresidential areas should provide economic and creative opportunities for ornament and decoration. Architecture should follow the approved Berthoud Architectural Design Guidelines for the Urban Industrial/Innovation Character District (see excerpts below). This will however, be granted leeway with requirements affecting the ability to preserve existing and future affordability within the corridor (see excerpts below).



MIXED USE

HIGHER VISIBILITY: ARCHITECTURE & FORM

Architecture should provide opportunities for craftsmanship, ornament, proportions, and decoration that are consistent with the historic industrial or agricultural vernacular of the area. Mixed use buildings in the High Visibility areas of the 1st Street Corridor should follow the approved Berthoud Architectural Design Guidelines for the Urban Downtown Character District (see excerpts below).



LOWER VISIBILITY: ARCHITECTURE & FORM

The built environment within the low visibility mixed use corridor areas should provide economic and creative opportunities for ornament and decoration. Architecture should follow the approved Berthoud Architectural Design Guidelines for the Urban Downtown Character District (see excerpts below). This will however, be granted leeway with requirements affecting the ability to preserve existing and future affordability within the corridor (see excerpts below).



MODIFIED TRENDS: TRANSPORTATION ELEMENTS

1ST STREET CORRIDOR PLAN | BERTHOUD, CO

INSTRUCTIONS: To share comments about this map, please write your feedback in the **COMMENTS** area below. You may also share comments using the post-it notes and/or the note pad next to this map.

TRANSPORTATION ELEMENTS

- Existing At-Grade Railroad Crossing
- Potential Trail Railroad Crossing
- Potential Trail Underpass
- Existing US 287 Partial Interchange
- Potential for Enhanced Pedestrian Experience
- Potential for Improved Connectivity
- Potential Green Connection to Lake/Reservoir
- Potential Regional Trail
- Potential Transit Route

KEY EAST/WEST CONNECTORS

Bunyan Ave, Water Ave (CR10), CR10E, CR12

Key east/west thoroughfares connecting neighborhoods, community destinations, and the Innovation District. These streets should include one vehicular travel lane in each direction and prioritize the movement of bicyclists and pedestrians by providing enhanced multimodal facilities. Special consideration should be given to the railroad crossings and the intersections of 1st Street.

TRUCK ROUTES

Public feedback indicates the need to maintain and/or enhance truck and freight access to/from industrial areas.

A preferred truck route and truck-specific improvements (e.g., wider turning lanes) may be recommended as part of this study.

PARKING

Private Parking

Private parking should be tucked behind and/or between buildings to minimize the visual presence from public streets. Residential parking spaces should be accessed from alleys.

On-Street Public Parking

1st Street: None

Collectors: Minimal, only in support of adjacent commercial and mixed use land uses, such as the Innovation District.

Local Streets: Where possible, unmetered parallel parking should be provided on both sides of local streets. The existing and informal pull-in parking areas should be formalized as parallel parking, for consistency.

Semi-Truck Parking

Community comment - identify opportunities/locations for semi-truck parking within the Innovation District

PLEASE SHARE YOUR COMMENTS BELOW

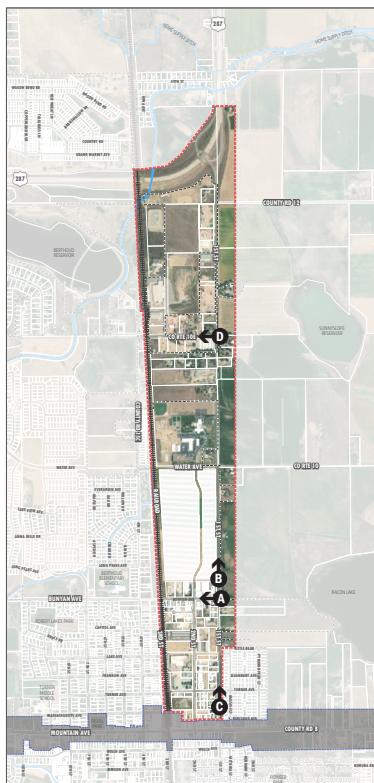
- Bicyclists shouldn't have bike lanes on 1st Street, but use the trail. As a cyclist, put us on the trail to transit N&S, not on a main road which 1st Street is.

- I live in the Peakview subdivision with my backyard against 1st St and it is rare the 30 MPH zone is followed and plenty of times when I walk eastbound I see semi-trucks (all types) traveling at rates of 45-60 MPH based on noise generated and sight of vision. This occurs in both directions and not just vehicles heading south. I am a bicyclist heading north. In fact, I have witnessed large commercial trucks flying by my house toward the traffic circle at rates of at least 45-50 MPH. I have heard the when a loud crash occurs at the circle area. While I can understand development will lead to higher rates of traffic, it is important to plan for space constraints along 1st Street should that be more circles, speed cameras, speed bumps, etc.

- Develop truck routes & parking. Bring businesses and safety



Public Workshop #2 | SEPTEMBER 14, 2022 | EXHIBITS

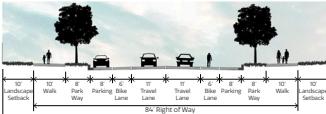


MODIFIED TRENDS: STREET CONCEPTS

1ST STREET CORRIDOR PLAN | BERTHOUD, CO

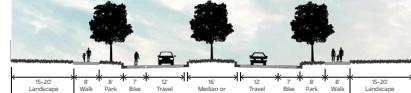
INSTRUCTIONS: To share comments about this map, please write your feedback in the **COMMENTS** area below. You may also share comments using the post-it notes and/or the note pad next to this map.

A Key Pedestrian Routes (Example: Bunyan Avenue)



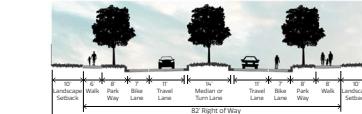
B 1st Street, North of Bunyan Avenue

Speed Limit: 30 - 35 mph



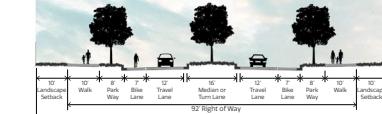
C 1st Street, South of Bunyan Avenue

Speed Limit: 25 - 30 mph



D Two Lane Arterial w/ Pedestrian Focus (Example: C010)

Speed Limit: 30 - 35 mph



PLEASE SHARE YOUR COMMENTS BELOW

I am very concerned about the on-ramp from 1st to 287 headed north. It is Not Safe in snow, ice, or heavy rain.

Add street light at intersection of CR 10E and 1st.

Semi trucks have trouble turning at CR 10E

No median south of Bunyan - would restrict turning vehicles!

-No cement median - particularly on 1st Street. There are 2 homes on N 1st Street roundabout at 1st Street. & Mountain. Need access to turn either way.

I'm not okay with this. The road in B is not wide enough. I don't want to turn into my yard. I choose to live in the country - **not** in the city!

We do not want you coming onto our properties via roadway easement. Our safety is our land, quit ruining our beautiful landscape with tract home & chains!

A center median is a horrid idea. Section A makes the most sense

-No bike lanes on 1st Street.

-Bicyclists can use the trail

-By the railroad - Make travel lanes wide w/ left & right turn lanes as required

-As a bicyclist myself, put off the railroad, but still all us to go N & S on a trail

Make 2nd Street from 104th to 100th to Mountain as main corridor to divert truck traffic and other traffic from residential areas

1ST STREET CORRIDOR PLAN

TOWN OF BERTHOUD, COLORADO



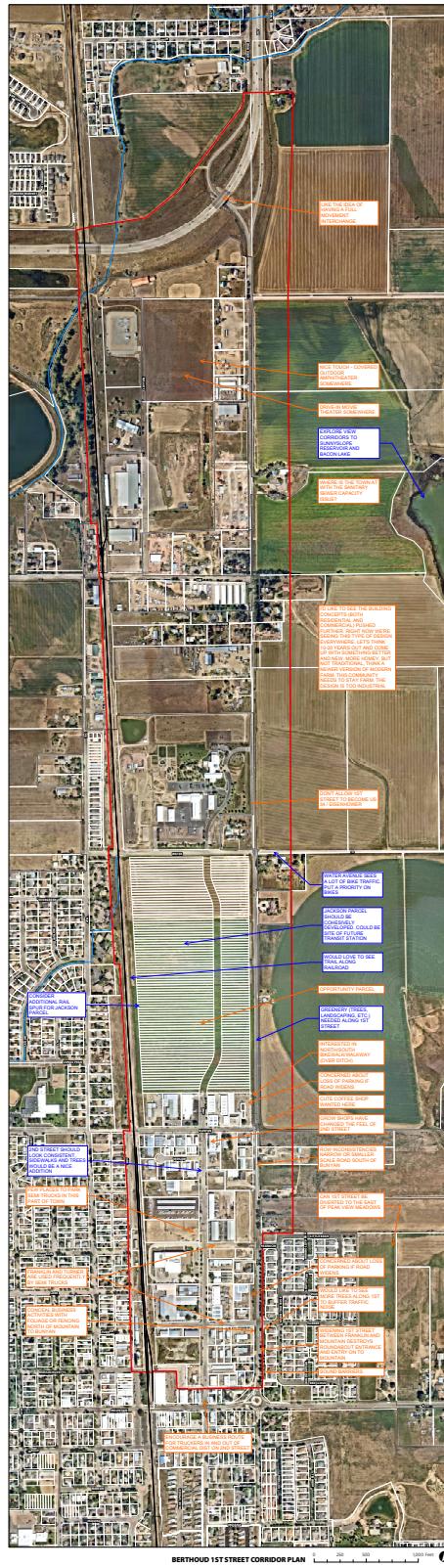
VISUAL PREFERENCE RESULTS



Public Workshop #2 | SEPTEMBER 14, 2022 | EXHIBITS

1ST STREET CORRIDOR PLAN

TOWN OF BERTHOUD, COLORADO



Public Workshop #3 | DECEMBER 6, 2022 | EXHIBITS

JACKSON PARCEL

CONCEPTUAL SITE PLAN

1ST STREET CORRIDOR PLAN | BERTHOUD, CO

KEY CONCEPTS:

- This land is zoned industrial and proposed uses will include high visibility industrial uses. Increased architectural standards are required for parcels with higher visibility, i.e. adjacent to 1st Street, Water Avenue, and Bunyan Avenue. Lesser architectural standards will be required for parcels with lower visibility.
- Green edge and streetscape are important around perimeter of parcel
- Increased level of walkability and bikeability
- Green space serves dual purpose (detention and gathering space)
- 1 to 2 story buildings adjacent to 1st Street, Water Avenue, and Bunyan Avenue
- Up to 3 story buildings in internal parcels
- Architectural character will be similar to the precedent images
- Parking areas are tucked behind and between buildings

PRECEDENT IMAGES: LOW VISIBILITY INDUSTRIAL



PRECEDENT IMAGES: HIGH VISIBILITY INDUSTRIAL



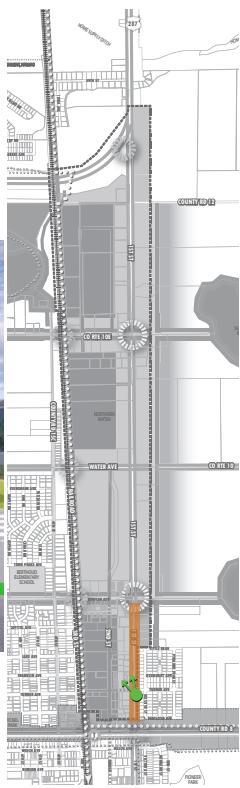
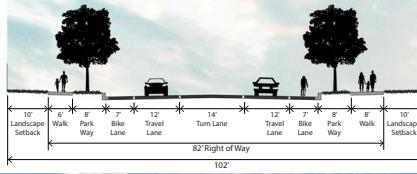
CORRIDOR PERSPECTIVE RENDERING

VIEW OF 1ST STREET LOOKING NORTH NEAR TURNER AVENUE [BETWEEN MOUNTAIN AVENUE AND BUNYAN AVENUE]

1ST STREET CORRIDOR PLAN | BERTHOUD, CO

KEY CONCEPTS:

- Street, sidewalk, and right of way widths are reduced to limit impacts to existing adjacent developments
- Left turn lane accommodates existing driveways (no raised median)
- Buffered bike lanes on both sides of the street
- Detached sidewalks and street trees on both sides of the street
- Street trees in tree lawns on both sides of the street
- Water saving landscape concepts are encouraged, where appropriate
- Increased architectural standards required when development occurs along higher visibility parcels adjacent to 1st Street



PRECEDENT IMAGES



Public Workshop #3 | DECEMBER 6, 2022 | EXHIBITS

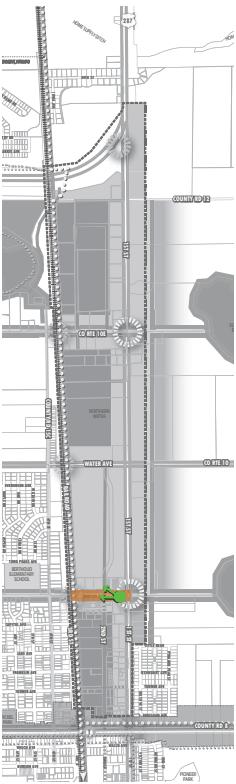
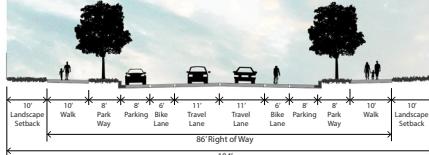
CORRIDOR PERSPECTIVE RENDERING

VIEW OF BUNYAN AVENUE LOOKING WEST AWAY FROM 1ST STREET (PEDESTRIAN VIEW)

1ST STREET CORRIDOR PLAN | BERTHOUD, CO

KEY CONCEPTS:

- Buffer bike lanes on both sides of the street
- Parallel parking on both sides of the street
- Detached sidewalks on both sides of the street
- Street trees in tree lawns on both sides of the street
- Water saving landscape concepts are encouraged, where appropriate
- Increased architectural standards required when development occurs along higher visibility parcels adjacent to Bunyan Avenue



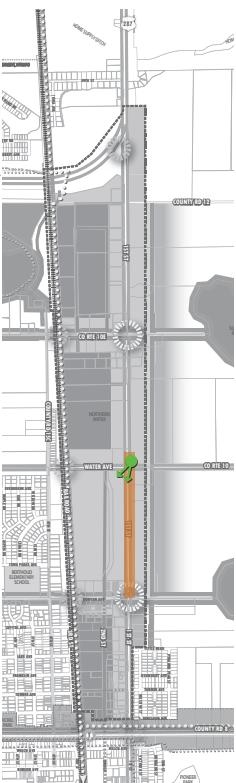
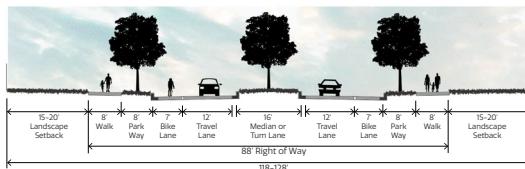
CORRIDOR PERSPECTIVE RENDERING

VIEW OF 1ST STREET LOOKING SOUTH NEAR WATER AVENUE (BETWEEN BUNYAN AVENUE AND WATER AVENUE)

1ST STREET CORRIDOR PLAN | BERTHOUD, CO

KEY CONCEPTS:

- Raised median with landscaping
- Buffer bike lanes on both sides of the street
- Detached sidewalks on both sides of the street
- Street trees in tree lawns on both sides of the street
- 50% of tree plantings will be flowering trees to reinforce garden spot; trees with showy fall color will also be encouraged
- Water saving landscape concepts are encouraged, where appropriate
- Increased architectural standards required when development occurs along higher visibility parcels adjacent to 1st Street



Public Workshop #3 | DECEMBER 6, 2022 | EXHIBITS

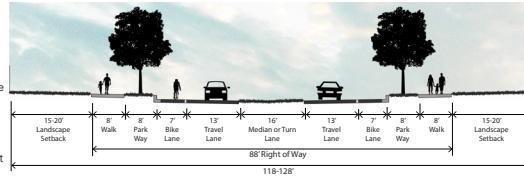
CORRIDOR PERSPECTIVE RENDERING

VIEW OF 1ST STREET LOOKING SOUTH NEAR WATER AVENUE [BETWEEN BUNYAN AVENUE AND WATER AVENUE]

1ST STREET CORRIDOR PLAN | BERTHOUD, CO

KEY CONCEPTS:

- Sparsely landscaped depressed median is more rural in character, as compared to raised median
- Buffered bike lanes on both sides of the street
- Detached sidewalks on both sides of the street
- Street trees in tree lawns on both sides of the street
- Water saving landscape concepts are encouraged, where appropriate
- Increased architectural standards when development occurs along the higher visibility parcels adjacent 1st Street and Bunyan Avenue
- Portions of tree lawn can be landscaped with water saving plants instead of bluegrass to build on garden spot image



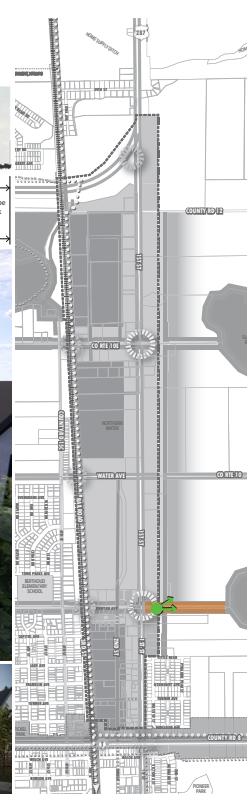
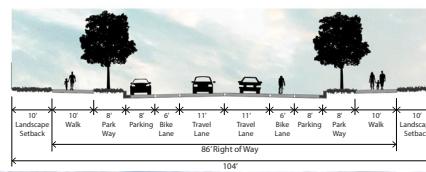
CORRIDOR PERSPECTIVE RENDERING

VIEW OF BUNYAN AVENUE (EXTENDED) LOOKING EAST TOWARDS BACON LAKE [BIRDSEYE VIEW]

1ST STREET CORRIDOR PLAN | BERTHOUD, CO

KEY CONCEPTS:

- Strong visual and physical connection to Bacon Lake
- Buffered bike lanes on both sides of the street
- Parallel parking on both sides of the street
- Detached sidewalks on both sides of the street
- Street trees in tree lawns on both sides of the street
- Water saving landscape concepts are encouraged, where appropriate
- Increased architectural standards required when development occurs along higher visibility parcels adjacent to Bunyan Avenue and the park
- Linear park in the midground is bordered by higher visibility innovation uses on the west and urban residential on the east



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CORRIDOR PERSPECTIVE RENDERING

VIEW OF CONCEPTUAL LINEAR PARK LOOKING NORTH FROM BUNYAN AVENUE [BIRDSEYE VIEW]

1ST STREET CORRIDOR PLAN | BERTHOUD, CO

KEY CONCEPTS:

- Linear park and trail extend from Peakview Meadows to CR12
- 120-foot wide park serves recreational and stormwater needs
- Uses in linear park will vary along its length
- Urban residential uses on east side front onto the park with parking behind
- Water saving landscape concepts are encouraged, where appropriate
- Increased architectural standards when development occurs along the higher visibility parcels adjacent Bunyan Avenue and the park
- Linear park will be bordered by higher visibility innovation uses on the west and urban residential on the east



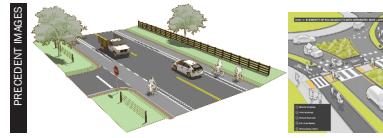
CORRIDOR PERSPECTIVE RENDERING

VIEW OF CONCEPTUAL ROUNDABOUT LOOKING SOUTH AT 1ST STREET/WATER AVENUE [BIRDSEYE VIEW]

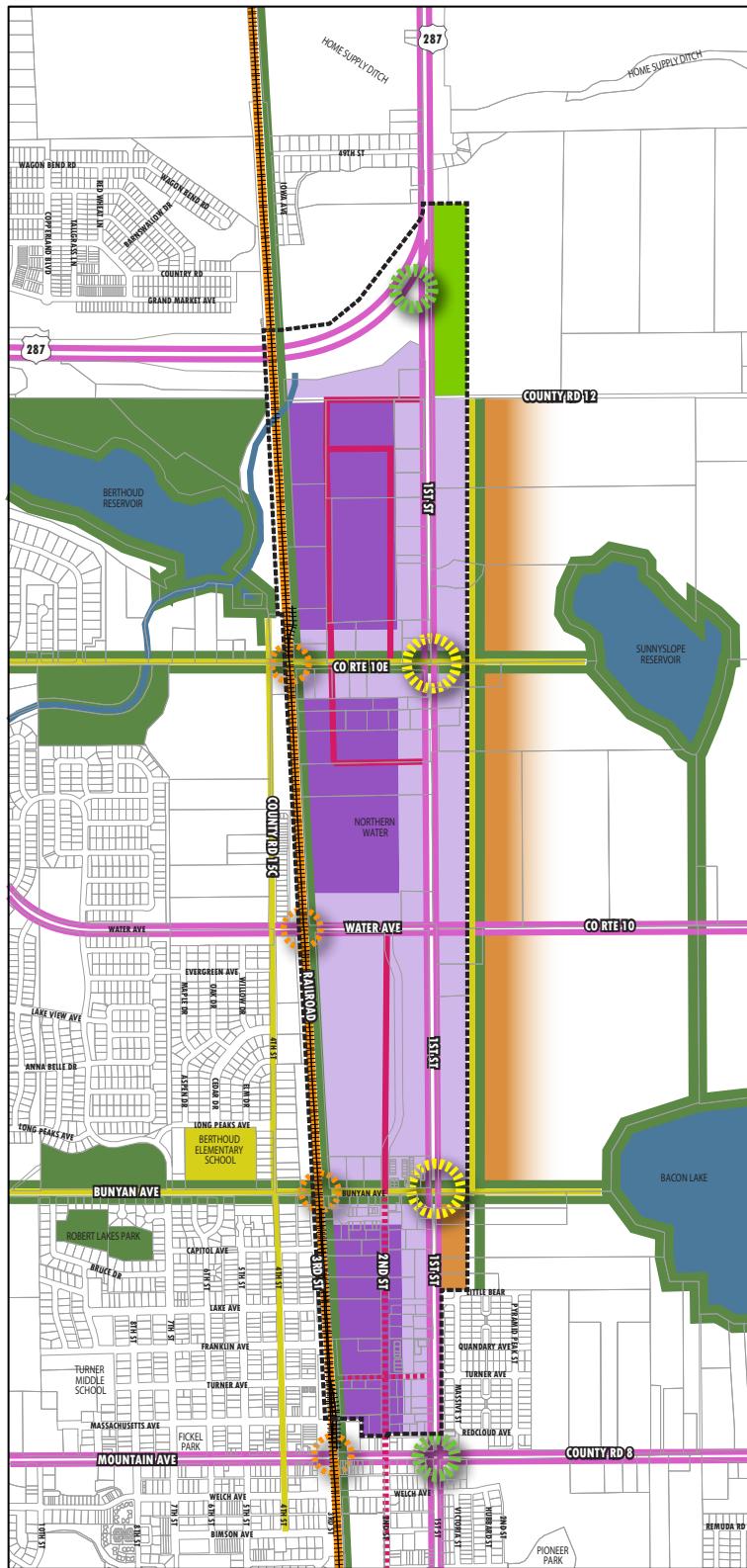
1ST STREET CORRIDOR PLAN | BERTHOUD, CO

KEY CONCEPTS:

- Roundabouts could be used at intersections with higher vehicular priority
- At the roundabout, bikes have the option to merge on to sidewalks or share travel lanes with cars
- Center island could reinforce town's garden spot image
- Water saving landscape concepts are encouraged, where appropriate
- Roundabout will be sized appropriately for truck traffic
- Roundabouts require more space than traditional intersections and would have a greater impact on adjacent properties



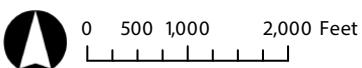
Modified Trends Map Concept A



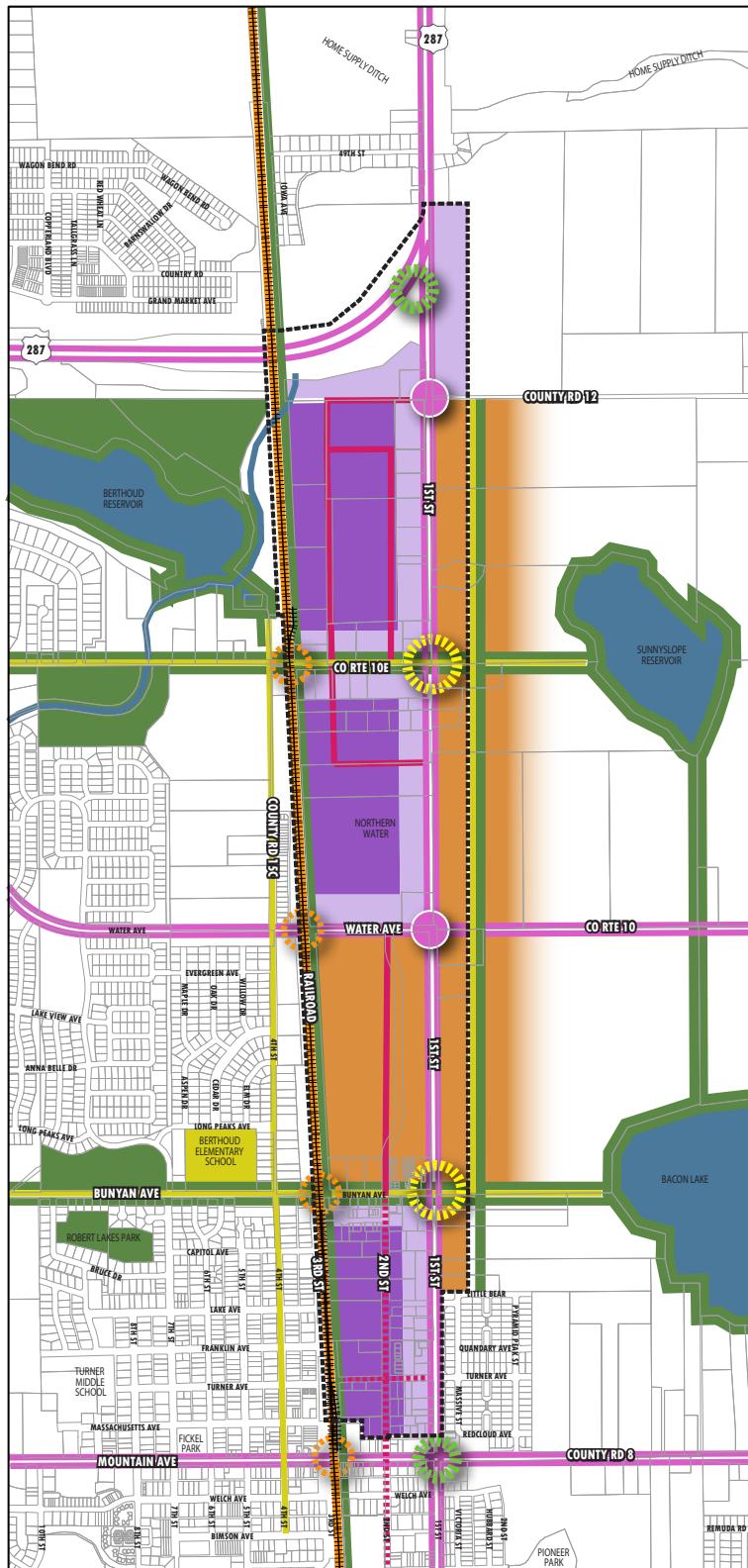
MODIFIED TREND - CONCEPT A 1st STREET CORRIDOR PLAN | BERTHOUD, CO

Legend

-  Town Gateway
-  Green Edge / Park / Open Space
-  Roadway with Vehicle Modal Priority
-  Roadway with Pedestrian and Bike Modal Priority
-  Pedestrian-focused Road crossing
-  Proposed Local Commercial Street
-  Existing Local Commercial Street
-  Railroad
-  Railroad crossing
-  Innovation District (Low Visibility)
-  Innovation District (High Visibility)
-  Urban Residential
-  Agriculture



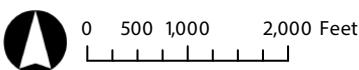
Modified Trends Map Concept B



MODIFIED TREND - CONCEPT B 1st STREET CORRIDOR PLAN | BERTHOUD, CO

Legend

-  Town Gateway
-  Green Edge / Park / Open Space
-  Roadway with Vehicle Modal Priority
-  Potential roundabout
-  Roadway with Pedestrian and Bike Modal Priority
-  Pedestrian-focused Road crossing
-  Proposed Local Commercial Street
-  Existing Local Commercial Street
-  Railroad
-  Railroad crossing
-  Innovation District (Low Visibility)
-  Innovation District (High Visibility)
-  Urban Residential



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Acknowledgements

Berthoud Town Board

William Karspeck, Mayor
Mike Grace, Mayor Pro Tem
Karl Ayers
Jeff Butler
Tim Hardy
Sean Murphy
May Soricelli

Berthoud Planning Commission

Jan Dowker, Chair
Karen Anderson, Vice Chair
Chris Kurtz, Secretary
Jon van Benthem
Melissa Feldbush
Abigail Smith
Brett Wing

Town Staff

Chris Kirk, Town Administrator
Brian Dubois, Assistant to the Town Manager
Anne Best Johnson, Community Development Director (current)
Curt Freese, Community Development Director (former)
Adam Olinger, Planner II (former)
Walt Elish, Business Development Manager
Paul Furnas, Town Forester and Open Space Supervisor
Ken Matthews, Director of Water Utilities

Consultant Team

Plan Tools LLC
BHA Design
Sopher Sparn Architects
Egret & Ox Planning
Felsburg Holt & Ullevig

